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# Hongkong Daily Press

ESTABLISHED 1857

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No. 22773. 號參拾柒佰柒千貳第 日捌初月陸年未辛 HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1931. 叁拜禮 日式廿月柒年壹卅伯玖千壹英 Price Single Copy, 10 cts. Per Month, \$3.

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME TABLE.

On and after MAY 2nd, 1931, until Further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 2	No. 6	No. 10	No. 12	No. 14	No. 16	No. 18	No. 20	No. 22	No. 24	No. 26
Kowloon	6.40	8.05	8.25	9.15	10.15	12.00	1.15	2.30	4.02	4.41	5.33
Tsimshui	6.45	8.10	8.30	9.20	10.20	12.05	1.20	2.35	4.07	4.46	5.38
Shatin	6.50	8.15	8.35	9.25	10.25	12.10	1.25	2.40	4.12	4.51	5.43
Taipei	7.00	8.25	8.45	9.35	10.35	12.20	1.35	2.50	4.22	5.01	5.53
Taipei Market	7.10	8.35	8.55	9.45	10.45	12.30	1.45	3.00	4.32	5.11	6.03
Fanning	7.20	8.45	9.05	9.55	10.55	12.40	1.55	3.10	4.42	5.21	6.13
Shungchi	7.30	8.55	9.15	10.05	11.05	12.50	2.05	3.20	4.52	5.31	6.23
Shumshui	7.40	9.05	9.25	10.15	11.15	13.00	2.15	3.30	5.02	5.41	6.33
Canton	7.50	9.15	9.35	10.25	11.25	13.10	2.25	3.40	5.12	5.51	6.43
DOWN TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 1	No. 5	No. 9	No. 13	No. 17	No. 21	No. 23	No. 25	No. 27	No. 29	No. 31
Canton	7.50	9.15	9.35	10.25	11.25	13.10	2.25	3.40	5.12	5.51	6.43
Shumshui	7.40	9.05	9.25	10.15	11.15	13.00	2.15	3.30	5.02	5.41	6.33
Shungchi	7.30	8.55	9.15	10.05	11.05	12.50	2.05	3.20	4.52	5.31	6.23
Fanning	7.20	8.45	9.05	9.55	10.55	12.40	1.55	3.10	4.42	5.21	6.13
Taipei Market	7.10	8.35	8.55	9.45	10.45	12.30	1.45	3.00	4.32	5.11	6.03
Taipei	7.00	8.25	8.45	9.35	10.35	12.20	1.35	2.50	4.22	5.01	5.53
Shatin	6.50	8.15	8.35	9.25	10.25	12.10	1.25	2.40	4.12	4.91	5.83
Tsimshui	6.45	8.10	8.30	9.20	10.20	12.05	1.20	2.35	4.07	4.86	5.78
Kowloon	6.40	8.05	8.25	9.15	10.15	12.00	1.15	2.30	4.02	4.81	5.73

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NOTE—All Steamship Company's Steamers are fitted with Wireless.

## DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS.

Today.

(July 22.)

Lawn Tennis:—"B" Division:  
South China v. Army T.C.; M.B.E.  
v. Chinese R.C. "C" Division:  
University v. Civil Service, Hong  
Kong C.C. v. Kowloon C.C., Crai-  
gengower v. Club de Recreio.  
Mixed Doubles: Kowloon C.C. v.  
U.S.R.C., Club de Recreio v.  
Ladies' R.C.

Water Polo.—First Division:  
V.R.C. v. Kowloon, 6 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "Parlour Bed-  
room and Bath."

World Theatre: "What A Man."  
Star Theatre: "Dancing  
Sweeties."

Central Theatre: "Call of The  
West."

King's Theatre: "Skipper."  
Majestic Theatre: "Just Im-  
agine."

Tea Dances at King's Restaurant;  
Dinner Dances at Peninsula Hotel  
and Repulse Bay Hotel.

Thursday.

(July 23.)

Feast of Ab.  
Entries for Motor Cycle Re-  
sponsibility Trial Close.

Queen's Theatre: "The Easiest  
Way."

World Theatre: "What A Man."  
Star Theatre: "Dancing  
Sweeties."

Central Theatre: "Once a Sin-  
ner."

King's Theatre: "Skipper."  
Majestic Theatre: "Monte  
Carlo."

Dinner Dances at Hong Kong  
and Peninsula Hotels.

Tides:—High at 3.22 and 3.50;  
Low at 10.02 and 9.44.

Friday.

(July 24.)

Great Heat (Ta-shu).  
Queen's Theatre: "The Easiest  
Way."

World Theatre: "What A Man."  
Star Theatre: "Dancing  
Sweeties."

King's Theatre: "Skipper."  
Central Theatre: "Once A Sin-  
ner."

Majestic Theatre: "Monte  
Carlo."

Dinner Dances at Hong Kong and  
Peninsula Hotels.

European Mail:—Inward: Lon-  
don (Hector); Outward: Europe  
via Siberia (Hakozaki Maru).  
Tides:—High at 4.14 and 18.29;  
Low at 11.38 and 22.29.

## SAFETY AT SEA IN WAR TIME.

### PROVIDING A BETTER NAVAL CONVOY SYSTEM.

### CAPTAIN ACWORTH'S PLEA FOR CRUISERS.

Convoys as a means of securing trade is a principle as old as the Navy itself, writes Capt. Bernard Acworth, R.N. (retired), in the London Morning Post. There is no obscurity about it, embodying as it does such ordinary good sense as to be found in the schoolmistress who shepherds her crocodile of defenceless young ladies through the streets, or a mother her children from a Christmas Party. Should we not suspect the sanity of either if they scattered their flocks while they themselves rushed hither and thither about the streets? Do we protect a treasure crossing a desert with an escort, or do we scour the desert looking for raiders?

Homely as such analogies may appear, they are perfectly sound none the less. Had seamen in the late war not postponed, then re-sisted and, up to the very end of the war, mistrusted at sea what is so universally understood and practised ashore we should have been spared the darkest page in our naval history.

No excuse need be offered for considering very briefly this means of giving security to trade, because it is upon the Convoy system that the safety of the country depends, and it is a complete Convoy system that must determine in the coming years our cruiser requirements, as well as the nature of the ships themselves.

In the event of a future war the vast fleets of merchantmen that carry our oil, food and general cargoes will be subject, as in the late war, to two perfectly distinct threats from hostile cruisers and submarines. The submarine threat looms largest in the public mind because of the terrible memories of 1917 and 1918, and yet it is the sober truth to say that the measure of the submarine has been taken once and for all if merchant vessels sail in company, and a proportion of these vessels is defensively armed.

Lord Jellicoe, in a recent letter to the Morning Post, asserted that "the institution of Convoy was entirely dependent on the provision of an adequate escorting force of fast vessels as an anti-submarine protection: the matter was entirely technical." But surely Lord Jellicoe, and a great body of naval opinion, is incorrect in mainly attributing to the escort vessels the defeat of the submarine.

As I have shown in my book, a group of say—40 merchant ships runs little more risk of being sighted on the High Seas than does a single ship, thus reducing the chances of action by a submarine to something approaching one in forty—a strategic fact emphasised by Mr. Churchill in "The World Crisis," but unfortunately overlooked by the War Staff and by himself, as he admits with his characteristic magnanimity.

Again, against a submarine attacking submerged with the torpedo the escorts provide no immunity, being, indeed, more liable, as the war proved, to unseen and successful attack themselves, if cruisers, than were the merchant ships they were escorting equipped with depth charges may harass a submarine if it discloses its whereabouts after firing a torpedo, but so far as the merchants ships are concerned, their liability to attack by torpedo is not affected. A powerfully armed escort can ensure that the submarine is confined to a "browning shot" with torpedoes, and cannot attack on the convoy by gunfire, but if each convoy includes one or more well-armed merchant ships the submarine cannot hope for any large success, as the war again abundantly proved.

In the late war, while part of our Merchant Marine was sailing in groups, and part singly, the triumph of group sailing was impressive. Out of over 17,000 vessels (Continued on Page 4.)

## THE HONGKONG HOTELS.

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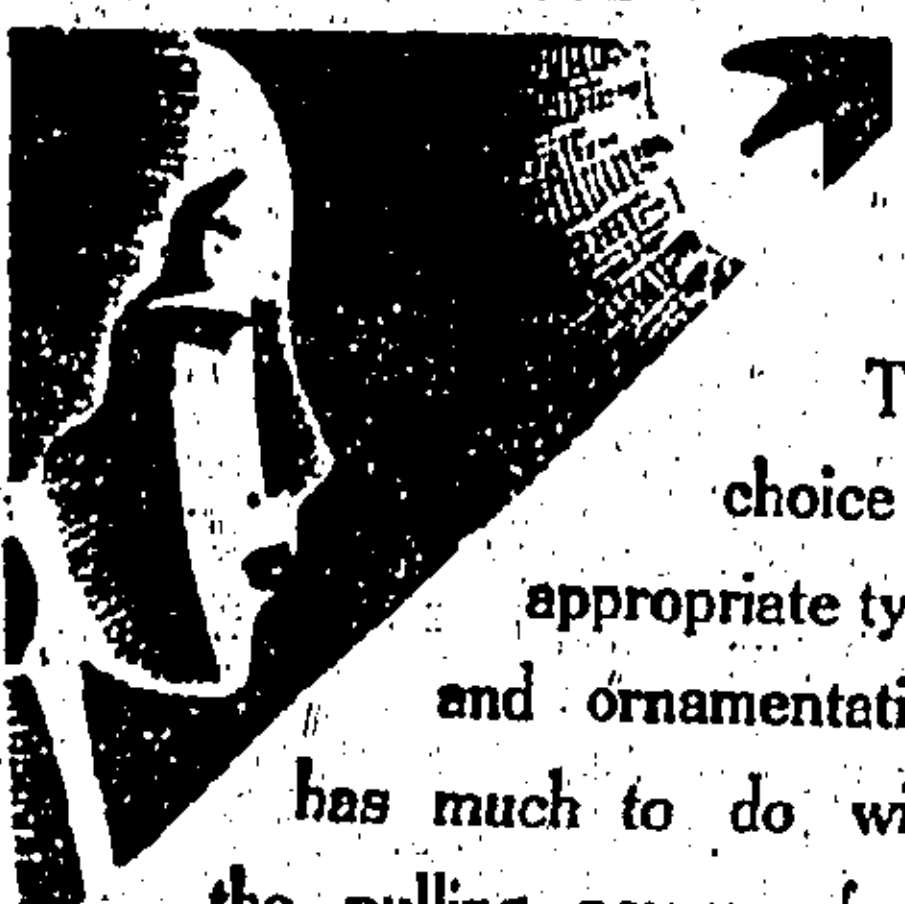
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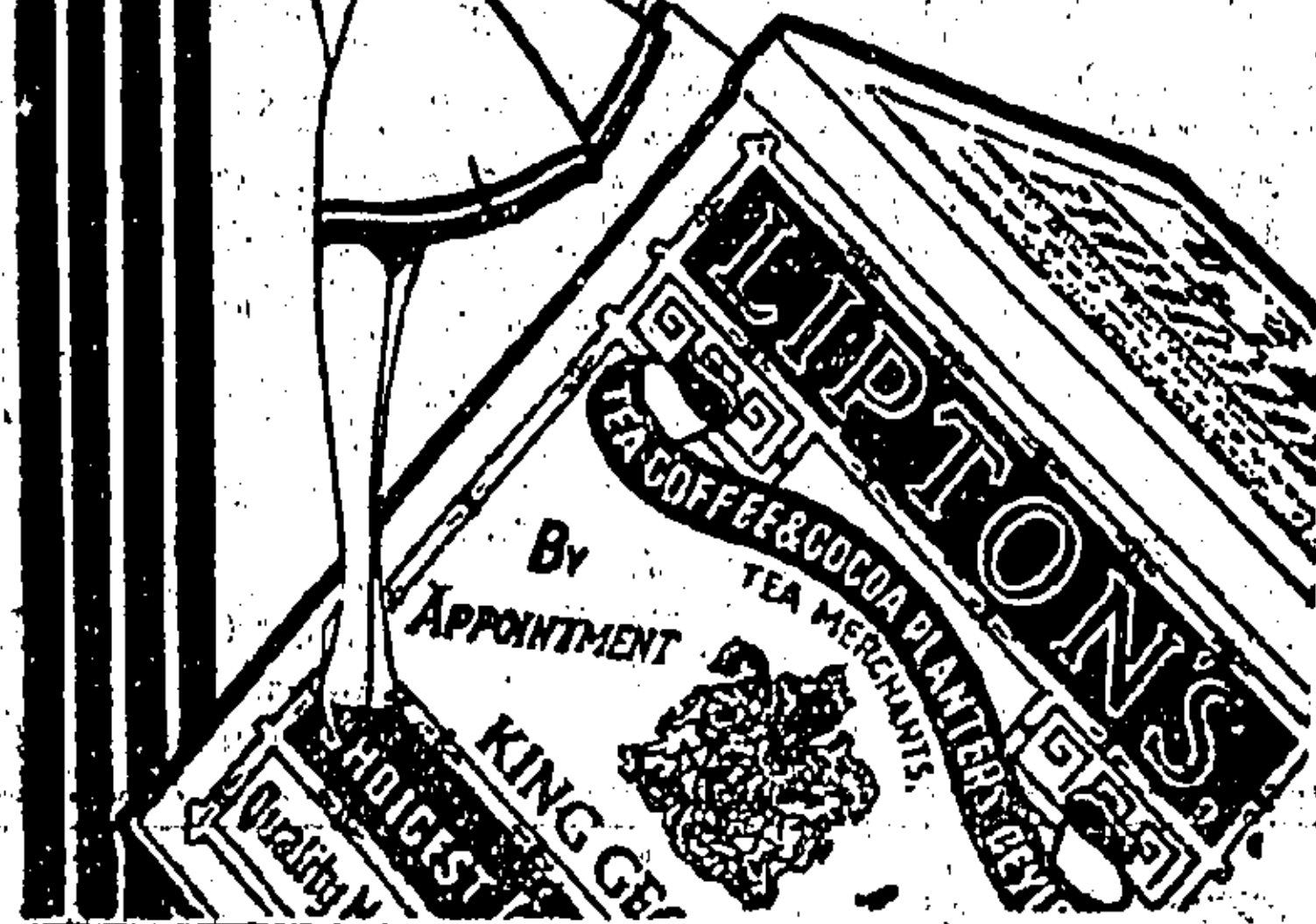
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## AIRWAYS AND AVIATION.

### THE MEANING OF FLIGHT.

AND THE SIGNIFICANCE OF RECENT EVENTS TO  
HONG KONG.

[By E. BRASIER OREAGH.]

Readers of this page, I imagine, have fallen into the habit of turning to it each week because it deals with a subject of which the whole world is talking to-day. Filled, as it is, with stray pieces of information about flying, with reports of record breaking endeavours and scarcely veiled eulogies of this or that new machine it makes one feel, somehow, that one is keeping abreast of development. This is all to the good, particularly where the reader is a youngster, in whose future aviation is likely to take an ever increasing part.

But, as with more general affairs, news without comment is only so many indigestible facts, so a loose knowledge of flying matters is not of much value unless served up with the sauce of criticism and the digestive pieces of constructive ideas. It is to supply these irritants that I have been asked to comment, from time to time, on the subject with which this page deals.

And I address myself chiefly to the elders, to those in whose decisions lie the future of our youth, of this Colony and, in the end, of our civilization. Whatever remarks I make are of my own thinking and I, here and now, absolve my editor of any responsibility.

A day or two ago two young Hungarians flew from Newfoundland to the Gates of Asia Minor—11,500 miles over water and a similar distance over land. Some days previously, two Frenchmen fell not far short of crossing Europe and Asia in continuous flight. Not long before that a couple of Americans encircled the globe in a week. What do these astounding epics mean to Hong Kong? This, that the day is in sight when, from any port on the coast of China, men or merchandise will be able to reach the uttermost boundaries of the land within 48 hours. I mean by this that, if a town in Szechuen wants electric lighting, not only will engineers be able to go there and examine the needs of the place and get back to the coast within a week or ten days, but the entire machinery could be delivered there the week after, with perfect ease, if available on the coast.

I make no idle claim in this. The new Handley Page 42 (she answers to the name of Hannibal—famous for his elephant cavalry) will lift well over four tons of freight and has as large an interior as a railway carriage. The entire machinery for a gold mine in New Guinea has recently been conveyed from the coast to the mine by air in a much smaller craft. If one of the essential parts of the lighting set breaks down, a replacement could to-day be brought out from Europe, and delivered, on the spot, in less than a fortnight, using established services except for the last lap.

### CHEAP FLYING.

NEW LIGHT PLANE

[By CHILTERN.]

In the London area daily flights are being made by a civil aeroplane which is destined to make Sir William Morris's name as famous in the air as on land.

Its power unit is a seven-cylinder radial engine, made in Coventry. It is one of two models, both of which have been splendidly successful on the test bench. The other model is a nine-cylinder radial.

Two experimental engines have been made in Coventry, but when

Who is going to get this business, Shanghai or Hong Kong? I am sorry to have to say that, as present conditions indicate, it will not be the latter. And yet, here we are, with a fine aerodrome, spacious water-landing facilities, practically the largest turnover of shipping of any port in the world and allied by blood and Government and finance with the country that produces the world's foremost aircraft.

Since Sir Alan Cobham's visit to Hong Kong, I do not believe that the Colony has seen a commercial machine capable of carrying more than a katie of cockroaches further than Canton.

Take another point of view. One of the most obviously useful attributes of a flying machine is its capacity to travel over country that lacks modern routes of communication—railways, roads or fast river services. In what parts of the world do such places still exist? South America, Northern Canada, Russia, Africa, Central and Eastern Asia, Central Australia and those island continents that lie to the south of Hong Kong.

Look what the Dutch have done. Study the tracks of Imperial Airways. Follow the Pan-American Route in South America, other people have seen my point and acted on it. For what are we living here if it is not to push British trade by every means in our power?

When I was a small boy I heard the Boer War Song which declared that we had the men, the guns and the money too. If we substitute aeroplanes for guns, that song holds good to-day but, if it is to mean anything we must all sing together, Governments, Shipping Companies, Merchant Houses and Financiers. And we must think and act for ourselves; no longer is it possible for each individual to work out his own problem and then refer it to London to be O.K'd.

The people in England are fully occupied with their own troubles, they have not one Colony to consider but a hundred, not one branch but a dozen. This is our problem and it is up to us to give them a clear lead as to what we want, how we are going to finance it and a reasoned estimate of how much good it is going to do them.

What flight means to Hong Kong can best be judged in Hong Kong by British and Chinese alike, and it needs a general committee to consider it. What a Chinese salesman, with a bunch of Lancashire's latest patterns in his bag could do in a month with a Moth or Avian can best be visualised here, but a man on Wigan Pier can not see the water for the mud, and a mission from Manchester is not much better placed.

Here is a thought, then, for this week's evenings, but I hope it obtrudes into the office.

### SAFE AVIATION IN BAD VISIBILITY.

MARVELS OF "BLIND  
FLYING."

"Every time I go up for a flight I find there is something fresh to learn."—The Duke of Gloucester.

Hamble, Hants.—The Duke of Gloucester had an experience in "blind flying" when he opened Air Service Training, a veritable university of the air, which has been established here, and was described recently in *The Hong Kong Daily Press*.

The purpose of the "blind flying" apparatus, which adds only 11b 10oz to the machine, is to enable a pilot to keep a true course in fog to recover from the involuntary loss of equilibrium which is inevitable when out of sight of fixed objects.

### Fine Degree of Accuracy.

It is so reliable and sensitive that the complete gamut of aerobatics can be executed, and that with a degree of accuracy not exceeded by the most brilliant pilot flying by sight. Flying Officer Pope, the Duke's pilot to-day, recently flew from Hamble to Hounslow completely shut in, arriving right over the aerodrome.

Undoubtedly this adjunct would save many lives lost through bad visibility conditions. It would also enable pilots of such machines as single-section fighters to achieve their maximum performance of a climb through clouds.

The instrument, the Reid Sigrist turn indicator, is now in production for the R.A.F., and it is expected that Great Britain now has an unequalled apparatus which will place her in the forefront in flying by instrument.

The Duke, who flew with a hood drawn his head, as is the practice in training, expressed warm praise of the apparatus, and said he was sure it was a valuable aid to training. He had a flight of more than ten minutes, during which he took over the controls himself and went through many manoeuvres, and testing straight-course keeping without exterior view.

Flight-Lt. Jenkins, the chief instructor of the school, took me up "under the hood," and gave me by head telephone from his place in the front seat a lesson during which at times I had control of the machine. As one who learned to pilot twenty years ago I can estimate the amazing progress made in the instrumental side of flying, and, be it said, in methods of training such as this school has adopted from the R.A.F.

Lord Amulree, Secretary of State for Air, Mr. F. Montague, the Under-Secretary for Air, and many representatives of foreign Governments and of the aircraft industry were present at the opening.

### GUIDES FOR LOST PILOTS.

AN AIR SIGN SYSTEM.

A uniform national system of air signs for the guidance of aviators has been prepared by the Automobile Association and approved by the Air Ministry and the Royal Aero Club, and is being recommended by the Civil Aviation Section of the London Chamber of Commerce for adoption throughout the country.

The system is primarily designed to help pilots who are off their course, and it is recommended that—

Each sign should give the name of a place easily recognizable on a map.

To distinguish it from other signs it should be preceded by a 20ft. arrow pointing true north, with the letter N in the middle of it.

### BRITISH FLYING NEWS.

NEW R.A.F. MACHINES.

London, June 16.—The presence in the Royal Air Force fleet of the world's fastest single-engined and twin-engined day bombers lends peculiar interest to a controversy which is engaging much attention nowadays in the service. Should the day bomber have one or more engines?

Dominant in day bomber design are certain essential requirements. The aeroplane must have a considerable range, ability to transport a heavy load and efficient powers of defence against enemy machines. Further, the day bombing aeroplane must provide a steady bombing platform. Which of the two types of machine excels on these points?

The single-engined craft, superbly represented in the Royal Air Force by the Hawker "Hart" with its top speed of 130 miles an hour; wins on speed and, given similar power, is able to cover longer distances without re-fuelling. On the other hand the "Sidestrand" twin-engined machine, perhaps because the absence of an engine in the nose means there is less vibration in the fuselage has done notably well in bomb-dropping trials, and seems to provide a steadier platform than the single-engined bomber.

### SPEED OR GUNS?

Defence in a day bomber, whose task is essentially to drop its deadly load to good effect and get back home as speedily as possible, is secured either by speed or by armament. In speed the present day single-engined bomber has the heels of the twin-engined machine; the "Hart," indeed, could out-distance any foreign single-seater fighters yet in service; but it carries fewer guns than the bigger machine, and supporters of the twin-engined ideal maintain that the armament of a bomber like the "Sidestrand" and the degree of freedom from surprise attack obtained in a machine which gives the crew adequate vision over the entire zone of sky make it no wit inferior to the single-engined bomber in powers of defence.

So the argument goes, the likeliest perhaps being a decision that both single and multi-engined day bombers are needed in the equipment of a modern air fleet.

### LARGEST PASSENGER PLANE.

A new stage in commercial aviation, is marked by the first service flights of the world's largest passenger-carrying landplane, the Handley Page Type 42 biplane which, in its "Western" form designed for use in Europe, has space for no fewer than 38 passengers in two large saloons.

"Hannibal," the first of a fleet of eight of these giant machines ordered by Imperial Airways, has profoundly impressed its pilots in the course of first voyages between London and Paris, carrying freight only.

### QUIETER AIR TRAVEL.

Weighing with full load on board approximately 13 tons, the Type 42 is a biplane of which the upper wings spread wider than the lower wings, the greatest wing span being 130 feet. Four Bristol "Jupiter" air-cooled engines, developing up to 2,300 horsepower, drive the great craft at a cruising speed of about 105 miles an hour.

Reduction of noise heard in the passenger cabins was a first consideration in design. The engines and aircrews are located quite away from the passenger quarters, an arrangement possible largely because of the sheer size of the machine, and the stout walls are packed with sound-deadening material. The diminution of noise is one of the chief disadvantages of aeroplane travel in the past, secured.

(Continued on next column.)

### FRENCH MARTYR TO SCIENCE.

X-RAY SPECIALIST'S  
DEATH.

Paris.—Dr. Celestin Sorot has died at Nice, at the age of 70, a martyr to his prolonged and devoted work as radiologist. For twenty-three years he was X-ray specialist to the hospital at Le Havre, and it was in the course of his duties and researches in that town that he contracted the malady known as X-ray cancer, which was eventually to prove fatal.

First his right hand and then his left had to be amputated. But the course of the disease was not to be arrested, and as a result of further operations Dr. Sorot lost both arms. His martyrdom went back as far as 1914.

Knowing as he did that he was doomed, he nevertheless continued his studies and researches as a radiologist. From his own terrible affliction he derived much data of great value to medical science.

France recognised the sublime heroism of this distinguished medical man by conferring on him in 1923 the Cross of the Legion of Honour.

There is a long Roll of Honour of those devoted workers in X-Ray who, after suffering mutilating operations, laid down their lives in the cause of medical science. They include:

Dr. Robert Knox, of Harley-street;

Dr. Augustus Parsons, of the Seamen's Hospital, Greenwich;

Dr. R. G. Blackall, of the London Hospital;

Sir Archibald Douglas Reid, of St. Thomas's Hospital;

Mr. Pringle, of the Prince of Wales' Hospital;

Dr. Alfred Caleb Taylor, of Peterborough;

Dr. J. Hall-Edwards, of Birmingham;

Dr. Jasper Redfern, of the Manchester Infirmary;

Dr. John Webster Lawson Spence, of the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary; and

Dr. Lionel Sells, of St. Thomas' Hospital.

ed is astonishing. The traveller is able to converse as easily as if he were in a first-class coach on a railway train, and the gain in comfort and lack of fatigue will be obvious to all who go by air way.

### 70 MILES IN 17 MINUTES.

The new "Fury" single-seater interceptor fighter with which one Royal Air Force squadron has already been re-equipped, gave illuminating proof of their immense abilities in speed and rate of climb yesterday, when three of them flew from their home station at Tangmere, in Sussex, to a rehearsal of the R.A.F. Display at Hendon aerodrome, nearly seventy miles away, in seventeen minutes. In spite of a wind that was rather across the course than helpful, they averaged, therefore, about 240 miles an hour, and the feat becomes still more striking when the height reached during the flight—no less than 7,000 feet—is taken into account.

### DEFENCE OF LONDON.

During yesterday's rehearsal the "Fury" flight climbed to more than 3,000 feet in ninety seconds. Actually these machines are tested to attain a height of 20,000 feet in nine minutes while still maintaining a forward speed of 150 miles an hour; performance of this kind means that they are better fitted than any of their predecessors for the difficult task of intercepting enemy raiders on the way to attack London, work that may involve ascent from the aerodrome to a height of two or three miles, finding the enemy and bringing him to combat, all within the space of fifteen minutes.



CENTRAL  
THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 &amp; 9.20 p.m.



**Once a Sinner**  
DOROTHY MACKAILL  
JOEL MCCREA  
JOHN HALLIDAY  
C. HENRY GORDON  
Driven beyond endurance by her husband's jealous suspicions, she fought back at last. She suffered through love, and he suffered through knowing that she had been loved before.

Commencing SUNDAY, 28th July

## "LORD RICHARD

UBOR ONOAREE  
RSLO MTQPTVL  
IELL AEUPIEE  
NEIL NREESLC  
GVOE TLNTAT  
AKR IUTITAT  
TICIDINCIB  
INE ESGOL  
OGS SHSNE  
N S

## IN THE PANTRY"

NO RENRSOHEE  
TEELSSTRCA  
EOAPE TOIAIR  
RTFTMTOLPN  
PIEUBYINDRI  
RODLL AAOON  
EUTLMCG  
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Booking at ANDERSON'S and  
at the THEATRE (Phone 25720)

## THE SILVER SCREEN.

## CENTRAL THEATRE.

## "ONCE A SINNER."

How many men are married and never know of the past in the life of the girl they wedded?

In "Once A Sinner," Fox movie-tone production, which comes to the Central Theatre to-day for an engagement of three days, there is seen and heard from the screen one of the most human, direct and dramatic stories of the current year.

Directed by Guthrie McClintic and featuring Dorothy Mackaill, the story deals with a girl, orphaned at an early age, striving and struggling to make a living as a model, craving the luxuries that every girl craves and finding the only way to get them was via the easiest way.

Then she encounters her first real love with a young inventor who marries her, but before so doing, she insists on telling him of her past and of the other man.

Whether that was the right thing to do has been debated for centuries, but in this picture the subject is handled with logic, with daring and with artistry.

Joel McCrea, John Halliday, and C. Henry Gordon head a brilliant supporting cast, which includes Sally Brann, Ilka Chase, Clara Blandick and Ninette Fero.

"LORD RICHARD IN THE PANTRY."

The Central Theatre are to screen another British all-talking comedy on Sunday. It is "Lord Richard in the Pantry," a story adapted from the stage-play which has given London many a good laugh.

The picture has Richard Cooper, the foremost English comedian who has stormed London with laughter, in the leading rôle, with a great cast if screen favourites.

The story centres on one Lord Richard, who, in the excitement of searching for certain mislaid valuable documents, forgets to don his nether garments, but fortunately he possesses a butler of no small standing, who successfully screens his scantiness from curious feminine eyes. Added to his misfortune are a fluttering heart, and a need for a guiding hand homewards, whenever he dines abroad.

As chairman of a company interested in the development of a new seaside resort, he has presumably issued a prospectus visualizing a future super-Brighton, but actually this dream of dreams develops into nothing but marsh, so a washout would be an exceedingly apt description of both chairman, company, and assets.

To escape angry shareholders, he seeks disguise, and after adding side face ornaments, and getting into a suit such as could only be bought in Petticoat Lane, he successfully applies for a position as butler.

He handles the situation as only an amateur could, and incidentally falls for female servants, burly hooligans, sparkling jewels, and deals magnificently with the combination offer from the lady.

At the fall of the curtain, he tells the girl to make an impression on his pillow, so that's all right: the cook has arranged for an impression to be made on her pillow, so that's all right, and with the aid of flat irons the pantry has been well cared for, so an impression can be expected there in due course, so that's all right.

KING'S THEATRE  
HONGKONG'S FINEST CINEMA

THE MOST COMFORTABLE AND THE ONLY AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE IN HONG KONG

## NEXT CHANGE

COMMENCING SUNDAY,



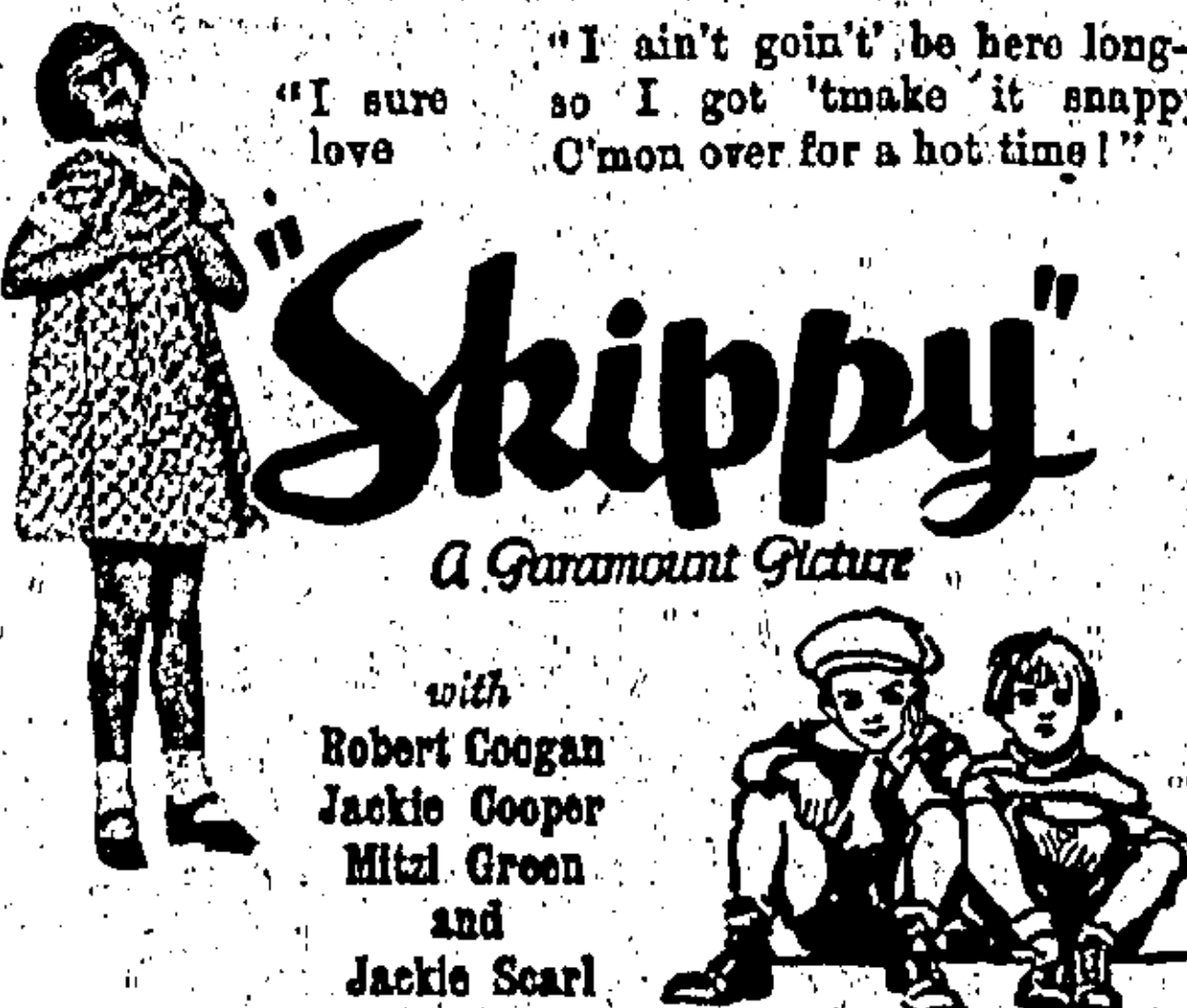
**WILL ROGERS in Lightnin'**  
FOX PICTURE  
BOOKING AT THE THEATRE.

## SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 AND 9.30 P.M.



hey  
fellers!



**Skippy**  
A Paramount Picture  
with Robert Coogan, Jackie Cooper, Milti Green and Jackie Searl

TELEPHONES:—25313, 25330.

## QUEEN'S THEATRE.

## "PARLOUR, BEDROOM AND BATH."

"Elmer Butts" is at last in pictures. "Elmer" is a great St. Bernard, the property of Buster Keaton, and named by Keaton after one of his favourite characters in "Free and Easy."

The dog plays in the country estate scenes of "Parlour, Bedroom and Bath," the straight-faced comedian's newest picture and an adaptation of the stage farce. Keaton gave over his own house and grounds for the location.

The story involves Buster's change from a shy billposter, thrown by circumstances into wealthy surroundings, into the king of all lovers. The cast includes Charlotte Greenwood, Reginald Denny, Cliff Edwards, Dorothy Christy, Joan Peers, Sally Eilers, Edward Brophy and Natalie Moorhead.

## "THE EASIEST WAY."

"The Easiest Way," which will come to the Queen's Theatre tomorrow, is an M-G-M talking picture version of the sensational Eugene Walter stage play. Constance Bennett does highly effective work as "Laura," heroine of the drama, while the deft Adolphe Menjou and clever young Robert Montgomery are splendid in the two male rôles.

Marjorie Rambeau has a rôle similar to that of her "Bella" in "Min and Bill," while Anita Page is more than adequate as "Peg," Laura's sister. Clark Gable of the stage success, "The Last Mole," makes his talkie debut in this picture.

"The Easiest Way" was adapted by Edith Ellis and Jack Conway has done a very fine job of direction.

## KING'S THEATRE.

## "SKIPPY."

Although "Skippy," Percy Crosby cartoon character who comes to life with all his adult and kid friends on the King's Theatre screen, in the Paramount talking picture of that title, like Peter Pan, never grows up; his cinema boy is in the nature of an eighteen birthday party.

The rapidity with which the boy rogue of Crosby's creation has attained favour during the past few years, tends toward the illusion that "Skippy" is one of those sudden inspirations.

In reality, he was conceived in the mind of Crosby when the cartoonist was a youth of nineteen trying to crash his way into perman-

ent work as a newspaper artist. For years, editors passed up a chance at Skippy until he finally won editorial favour and became an over-night public hero.

Crosby, thirty-seven years old, reviewed the past career of his boy hero as Paramount began the filmization of Skippy, with Jackie Cooper as the lad; Robert Coogan, five-year-old brother of Jackie Coogan, as the well-known Scooby, and Milti Green and Jackie Searl in the juvenile cast.

After completing school, Crosby set out at eighteen to work as a cartoonist. His first job on the New York Call at \$10 a week lasted just one pay day. His second, on the Globe, extended three weeks. Crosby then sold drawings wherever he could and although he met with success with other works, could not get Skippy accepted.

War intervened and Crosby returned after the conflict to continue his campaign with Skippy, which resulted, three years ago, in having Skippy appear for the first time in Life. Since then, the cartoon youngster has been a public favourite.

## "LIGHTNIN'."

One lone man divorcee seeker, a black sheep, so to speak, in a setting of beautiful women divorcees, finds his way to the divorce colony in "Lightnin'." Fox Movietone comedy drama, starring Will Rogers, coming to the King's Theatre next Sunday.

The women seeking separations from their husbands refuse to speak to him because he is getting a divorce instead of permitting his wife to enjoy a three month's vacation at the Calivada hotels.

When one of the women asks "Lightnin'," the rôle portrayed by Rogers, if he thinks it conventional for the man to reverse the order of things, he replies: "Well it all depends on circumstances. I've never talked to him, but I can tell what kind of a gal he's married to because he has that wicked look like a punched meal ticket."

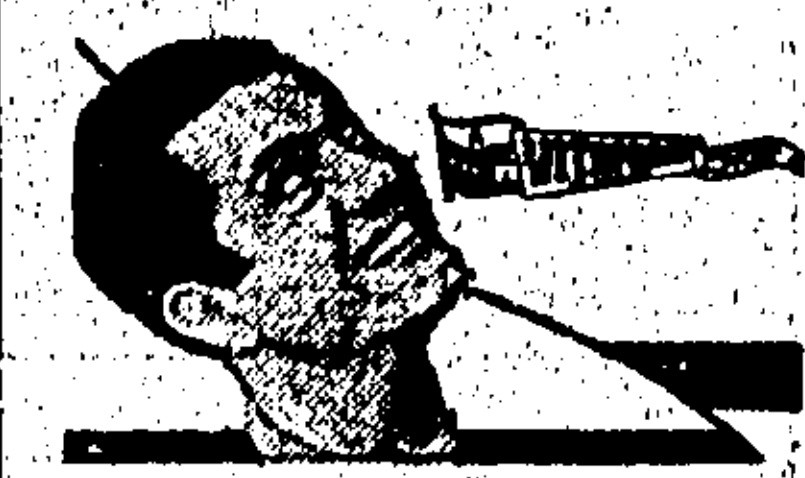
Rogers was great in "They Had To See Paris," he was greater in "So This Is London," but he is declared to be the greatest in his characterization of "Lightnin'." The cast supporting Rogers includes Louise Dresser, Helen Cohan, Joel McCrea, J. M. Kerrigan and Sharon Lynn. Henry King, a Photoplay medal winner with his "Tolable David," directed the picture.

MOVIELAND  
FEATURES  
FOR THE WEEK

## STAR

TO-DAY TO-SATURDAY  
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20.

A lively story that explains the good and bad in youth's new code of morals. It will teach parents about their children—and boys and girls about themselves.



## E.V. WORLD

TO-DAY TO-SATURDAY  
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20.

starring  
REGINALD DENNY

## TO-DAYS WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Stock quotations.  
11.30 a.m.—Chinese programme.  
12.30 p.m.—European programme.  
1 p.m.—Local time and weather report.

1.30 p.m.—Rugby Press news, mail notice, etc.  
2 p.m.—Close down.

5 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.  
6 to 6.30 p.m.—Chinese children's programme.

7 to 10.30 p.m.—European programme of Victor records supplied by Messrs. Tsang Fook Piano Co.

7 p.m.—Mail notice, etc.  
7.05 to 7.32 p.m.—

## Orchestral.

"Beggar Student—Medley" (Millocker),—Marek Weber and his Orchestra.—68005.

"The Beautiful Galatea"—Overture (Suppe, arr. Artok).—Berlin State Opera Orch.—19-36072.

"Eva"—Waltz (from "Eva") (Lehar, arr. Schott).

"Carmen Sylvia"—Waltz (Ivanovic),—Nal. Shilkret and his International Orchestra.—V-50019.  
7.32 to 7.45 p.m.—

## Organ Solos.

"Hello, Aloha!—How Are You?" (Gilbert-Baer).

"Barcelona" (Kahn-Evans).—Jesse Crawford.—20203.

"Always" (Berlin).

"Dinah" (Lewie-Young-Akst).—Jesse Crawford.—20000.

8 p.m.—Local time and weather report.

7.45 to 8.10 p.m.—

## Pianoforte Solos.

"Invitation to the Waltz" (Weber)—Alfred Cortot.—1301.

"On the Banks of the Danube" (Kurucz)—John Kurucz.—V-12.

"Rustle of Spring" (Sinding).

"Narcissus" (Nevin)—Hans Barch.—20121.

8.10 to 8.37 p.m.—

## Variety.

"Marguerite—Potpourri" (Gounod).—Marek Weber and his Orchestra.—68904.

"La Traviata—Potpourri" (Verdi).—Marek Weber and his Orchestra.—V-50015.

"Pagliacci—Fantasy" (Leoncavallo).—Marek Weber and his Orch.—V-50017.

8.37 to 9.20 p.m.—

Orchestral—"Spanish Life."

Orchestral—"A Gay Caballero."

Accordions—"Rhapsody in Blue"

Accordions—"Oriental One-Step."

Whistling Solo—"Tout Passe."

Whistling Solo—"Listen to the Mocking Bird."

Hawaiian Orchestra—"My Honolulu Dream Girl."

Hawaiian Orchestra—"In the Heart of Hawaii."

Ballad—"Billy Boy."

Song—"Grandfather's Clock."

Frank Crumit (Tenor).—10245.

Orchestra Solo—"The Nightingale."

Ocarina Solo—"The Canary."

Fred Brano.—V-31.

9.20 to 9.41 p.m.—

## Band Music.

"Bells of Saint Malo" (Rimmer).

"Gladiator's Farewell" (Blankenburg).—National Military Band.—V-13.

"La Paloma" (Yradier).

"Over the Waves" (Rosas).

Arthur Pryor's Band.—19378.

"The Black Horse Troop" (Souza).

"The National Game" (Souza).—Souza's Band.—19741.

9.41 to 10.23 p.m.—

P.B. E 1 A H—F.N. — a

## A Concert.

Song—"Carolemas" (Chapi).

Song—"Serenata" (Cesareo Toati).—Madam Amelia Galli.

Curci (Soprano).—1167.

Violin Solo—"Kreisler Serenade" (Lehar).

Violin Solo—"Frasquita Serenade" (Lehar-Kreisler).—Fritz Kreisler.—1158.

Song—"Amapola" (Poppy) (Lacalle).—Tito Schipa (Tenor).—1177.

Quintette—"The Shepherd's Serenade" (Grey-Stothart).

Quintette—"Neapolitan Serenade" (arr. Cibelli).—Victoria Quintette.—V-50.

Song—"From the Land of the Sky-Blue Water" (Eberhart Cadman).—Mary Lewis (Soprano).—1140.

Piano Solo—"Etude Tableaux" (Bachmanoff).

Piano Solo—"Dance of the Gnomes" (Liszt).—Sergei Rachmaninoff.—1154.

Song—"Serenata" (Cesareo Toati).—John McCormack (Tenor).—1247.

10.23 p.m.—Rugby mid-day Press news.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

MOVIELAND  
FEATURES  
FOR THE WEEK

## QUEEN'S

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

The Broadway laugh hit is here now as a film hailed as the funniest ever made!

Don't miss it!

## Buster Keaton

CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD  
REGINALD DENNY  
CLIFF EDWARDS

PARLOR  
BEDROOM  
AND  
BATH

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

"Don't make me laugh—talking about love... you're tasted luxury and that's worse than dope..."



Here's a show! The finest cast in pictures! More thrilling than the book!

## THE EASIEST WAY

starring  
CONSTANCE BENNETT

ADOLPHE MENJOU  
ROBERT MONTGOMERY  
ANITA PAGE  
MARJORIE RAMBEAU

## PRINCE'S THEATRE

From TO-DAY to SATURDAY

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 &amp; 9.15 p.m.



**HOLLYWOOD REVUE**

Next Change

## Cock-eyed World

William Fox Movietone Achievement







FEDERAL STRUCTURE  
COMMITTEE.GANDHI INVITED TO ROUND  
TABLE CONFERENCE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 21.—The India Office has issued the names of those invited to serve on the Federal Structure Committee of the Round Table Conference, which is to resume its sessions in London in September. The members have been nominated by the Prime Minister according to the procedure adopted by the Conference.

The original 21 apart from Sir Prameswami Aiyar, now acting law member of the Viceroy's Council, have been renominated and new members for the most part drawn from former delegates.

The new British members are Mr. Pochick Lawrence, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, who with the Lord Chancellor, Mr. Justice Sankey and Mr. Lees-Smith, will represent the Government, and Lord Haldane for the Conservatives.

## Previous Visit to England.

The chief interest, however, attaches to the new Indian nominees who did not take part in last year's proceedings and among whom is Mr. Gandhi who has been invited to represent the Indian National Congress.

The absence of Congress last year was generally regretted and following on the agreement between the former Viceroy, Lord Irwin, and Mr. Gandhi, which ended in the Civil Disobedience Campaign, it had been anticipated that Mr. Gandhi would be the representative of Congress at the resumed session.

The possibility of his visiting London recalled the fact that he was here some years ago to study at university College and was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple. It was later in South Africa that he became the champion of Indians' grievances and is believed to have developed his theories of non-violent resistance, which have been the outstanding feature since 1920 of his position in India, where he returned just before the outbreak of the Great War.

## Other New Comers.

At that time he helped to mobilise Indian opinion on behalf of the British cause and conducted a recruiting campaign. Other new comers from India are Sir P. Thakurdas, Sir Manekji Dadabhai, and the prominent business men, Mr. Iyengar, formerly Secretary of Congress, and Pandit Malaviya, the oldest living politician in India and a prominent Hindu leader.

By increasing the size of the Committee the depressed classes of Labour and Indian women are now represented as well as the interests already mentioned and the Muslim representation has been strengthened.

The Committee will begin work as soon after September 5 as possible. The date of the resumed meeting of the full Conference, to which there will be more additions which it is hoped will be announced shortly, is not yet fixed.

The Minorities Committee, which is in special charge of communal problems, is expected to meet early in October. The membership of this committee will also be increased.

## Federal Structure Committee.

LONDON, July 22.—In order to broaden the basis of the Round Table Conference and include Congress leaders the Premier has issued 38 invitations to the Federal Structure Committee to meet in London early in September. The delegates last year numbered 21.

JUDGE'S INTELLIGENCE  
TEST.AMUSING OLD BAILEY  
INTERLUDE.

There was an amusing dialogue at the Old Bailey between Mr. Justice Swift and Dr. Grierson, senior medical officer at Brixton Prison.

Dr. Grierson, giving evidence of a prisoner's mental condition, said that the man was somewhat ignorant.

Mr. Justice Swift: In what way?—It was just ordinary intellectual inability.

But a great many of us suffer from that. How did you test him?—I asked him questions about current events.

Suppose you were testing me. Ask me one of the questions you might ask him.—Well, I should ask him who is the Prime Minister.

Did he know?—I am not sure.

Well then, ask me another.—I should probably ask you who is the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The judge: Why should the prisoner know who the Chancellor of the Exchequer is if he does not pay income tax?—It is a matter of painful knowledge for people who do.

Try another question.—I asked him the date the war started and the date the war ended.

"Good gracious," ejaculated the judge. "Do you say a man is ignorant if he does not know that?"

ANOTHER RESCUE  
ON YANGTZE.PISTOLS POINTED AT S.S.  
WENCHOW.DANGER AT LITTLE  
ORPHAN ROCK.

Following a report in the *North-China Daily News* of the rescue of eight Chinese, carried out under fire by the str. Kutwa the story of another similar episode has come to hand, this time by the C.N.C. Wenchow. This second rescue from the waters of the Yangtze, carried out by another British ship, was not performed, under fire, but the vessel itself was threatened by Mauser pistols at the same place where the Kutwa was fired on.

The Wenchow, on its way down from Kiukiang, was threatened by Mauser pistols in the hands of uniformed men on the top of the Little Orphan Rock. Seeing the pistols pointed at the ship, the Master, Capt. W. G. Mackenzie, ordered everybody to get behind the bullet-proof shields, with which all ships on the Yangtze are equipped. No firing occurred, no doubt because all the human targets had disappeared from the view of the men, wherever they were. It is thought probable that they were deserters from the army.

The Master of the Wenchow further down-stream saw a capsized junk and guessed, rightly as it subsequently turned out, that the Kutwa had rescued its survivors. Later on, however, he himself was called upon to effect a rescue.

## Five Men Saved.

When the Wenchow had got well past Bate Point, and reached a point about five miles upstream from Kiangyin, a swamped sampan with five Chinese clinging to it and to a bamboo attached to it, was sighted. All appeared in a very exhausted condition, which was not to be wondered at as they were only keeping afloat with the greatest of difficulty as the sampan was rolling over and over under the action of the current and waves.

The captain immediately manoeuvred his ship into a favourable position and swung it around to head into the current. Then a boat was lowered and sent off under the charge of the second officer. The shipwrecked men were rescued just in time. Two of them actually let go their hold and went under just as the boat arrived, but members of the crew managed to seize them by the hair before they were swept away. Within 15 minutes the rescued men were on board the Wenchow, and in addition their sampan was also hoisted on board. It is alleged that their sampan was capsized by the wash from two Chinese gunboats and that the incident was not observed by the sailors.

Shortly afterwards they were sent ashore at Tungchow boat station, together with their sampan, after having been given a good meal on board the ship and having had their clothing dried. They also went ashore with the sum of \$20, which had been voluntarily subscribed by the deck passengers.

CURES BY CHARMS  
IN TIPPERARY.HOW AN OLD MAN 'HEALED'  
MEN AND HORSES.

Tipperary.—During a dispute in a Tipperary court regarding the will of an aged man named Philip Kennedy, of Cashel, it was stated that Kennedy had mysterious secret powers of healing human ailments and curing disease in horses. He sometimes got money and sometimes whisky for the use of these.

Martin Maher, a neighbour, told of a visit to Kennedy, who was in bed. At Kennedy's request Maher took the sick horse to the bedroom window, where Kennedy cured the animal.

The judge: How did he cure it?—Witness: He raised his hands and said some prayers over the horse. I could not hear what he said.

Patrick Purcell said he took to Kennedy a friend named Patrick Carroll, who was suffering from a sore hand. Kennedy exclaimed: "God bless us, it's very bad, and lifting his hands over Carroll's hand made the sign of the cross several times." Carroll's hand got well afterwards. On a previous occasion Kennedy by similar means cured Carroll of a sore leg. For this he got half a crown.

Patrick Carroll told of the cure of a swollen hand and a sore foot by Kennedy. "He worked the charm on me," said Carroll. "That night when I returned home the swelling broke and the hand was cured."

Daniel Kennedy said that old Phil Kennedy transmitted the secret of the charm to a relative, but on no account could that person reveal the secret to anybody.

## MRS. HEARN FOUND NOT GUILTY.

## ACQUITTAL ON TWO CHARGES: CHEERED BY CROWD.

POINTS FROM THE JUDGE'S  
SUMMING UP.

Bodmin, June 24.—Mrs. Sarah Ann Hearn was found not guilty at Bodmin Assizes yesterday of the murder by arsenical poisoning of her sister, Miss Lydia Everard, and her friend, Mrs. Alice Thomas, and was discharged by Mr. Justice Roche.

The composure which Mrs. Hearn had unfailingly preserved for a week broke down under the suspense of the last day of her trial.

At the close of the Judge's summing-up, which occupied over four hours, she was in tears, and she was led from the court, with a nurse and a wardress on either side of her.

Apparently she was walking blindly, for her bowed head struck the frame of the door as she passed out of the court.

The jury were absent for 54 minutes, and Mrs. Hearn was again composed as she returned to hear her fate.

When the words "Not guilty" were pronounced by the foreman of the jury she bowed slightly and then sat down, keeping her head still bowed. She looked up to receive the congratulations of her solicitor, and as she listened to these tears stood in her eyes. At the same time the prison nurse, who has been her companion throughout the trial, was weeping openly.

## The Second Charge.

The proceedings of the court were in the meantime resumed, the Judge in formal tones directing the jury that no evidence would be offered on the charge of murdering Miss Lydia Everard, and that therefore they should return a second verdict of "Not guilty."

This time, Mrs. Hearn was discharged, and passed out of court leaving heavily on the arms of the nurse and a wardress.

In an anteroom she seemed numbed by her excess of emotion.

Hundreds of people waited outside the court to cheer her, but she was saved from their attentions by a ruse, in which her sister, Mrs. Poskitt, aided her. Mrs. Poskitt, who had been a witness, was waiting outside the court after the verdict, but she was called within, and, as she and Mrs. Hearn are of similar size, they exchanged dresses.

Mrs. Hearn put on the blue costume and red hat of her sister, and Mrs. Poskitt donned the long brown coat and brown hat in which Mrs. Hearn had appeared throughout her trial.

Mrs. Hearn was then driven through the crowd unnoticed.

Mrs. Poskitt, accompanied by Mr. Walter West, her sister's solicitor, followed in another car and received the cheers.

WHAT THE JURY HAD  
TO DECIDE.

Mr. Justice Roche in the words of his summing-up said:

"The charge is one of murder," he said, "in a way that is peculiarly dangerous and peculiarly cruel. To a very large extent the material available is circumstantial evidence."

"Human testimony is liable to all the defects of human nature, forgetfulness, want of observation, partiality, leading persons unwittingly very often to present a version which is inaccurate."

"These infirmities, rather than willful falsities, more frequently colour and weaken the value of human testimony."

"Real circumstantial evidence is evidence of fact. If those facts point unmistakably in one direction, then they are not less reliable, but more reliable, than human testimony."

The first question to answer, he proceeded, was this: "Was death caused by arsenical poisoning?" If the jury were of opinion that it was, the second question was "Was it the act of the accused person?" If they decided it was not arsenical poisoning, the second question did not arise.

The first question seemed the simpler. It was not disputed that there was arsenic in the body.

Commenting on the fact that when Dr. Lister was called in, he diagnosed arsenical poisoning, the Judge said: "Actions speak louder than words, and Dr. Lister not only diagnosed arsenical poisoning, but made arrangements immediately that Mrs. Thomas should be removed from her surroundings so that she could be in no danger of being further poisoned."

## Medical Evidence.

Mr. Justice Roche discussed the medical evidence and the possibility suggested by the defence, and said that it was an extreme measure for lay opinion to reject expert and medical opinion unless they found it out to be demonstrably wrong.

might be based on what Mr. Parsons said. What he said took place ten years ago. There was the question also to be considered of both Mrs. Hearn and Mr. Thomas being involved. The silence of both sides on this question ought to make the jury hesitate long before accepting such a suspicion or theory.

Mr. Justice Roche described the conversation between Mr. Thomas and Mrs. Hearn after the death of Mrs. Thomas as one that could not possibly have taken place between two co-conspirators, and said that it was also inconceivable that the letter written by Mrs. Hearn was written by one conspirator to another.

"This was a case," he added, "where the absence of compelling medical evidence could not be ignored."

But, Mr. Justice Roche said, he thought that Dr. Roche Lynch was wrong in his calculation that 1lb. of dirt would be needed to produce the arsenic from the soil to the amount that was found in Minnie Everard's body. He would not go into reasons, because his direction would favour the defence, but he would ask them to assume that a quarter of a pound of dirt and no more would be required to get the arsenic from the soil.

They were not trying Mrs. Hearn for the murder of her sister. What the prosecution were being allowed to do was to bring evidence to show that Minnie Everard died because poison was administered to her, and administered to her, they said, by Mrs. Hearn, in order to show that there was no accident or suicide about the case of Mrs. Thomas.

The evidence that Mrs. Hearn was an excellent nurse and a devoted sister was very much in her favour, and if the jury were not persuaded by that of her innocence, it could only be because the other facts were too strong to overcome.

The fact that Minnie was a delicate and ailing woman was also in her favour.

Mrs. Hearn said that Dr. Gibson was wrong when he said that he prescribed nothing but effervescent mixture. Dr. Galbraith had said there was no arsenic or poison of any kind in any medicine he prescribed, and Dr. Gibson was absolutely definite.

"That," said the Judge, "is an issue for you to decide as between Dr. Gibson and Mrs. Hearn."

Regarding the main question, whether Mrs. Hearn administered poison to Mr. Thomas, the Judge said that he did not suppose the jury had any doubt in their minds, whatever other doubts they might have, that the issue was down to two people—Mrs. Hearn and Mr. Thomas.

"It lies between them," he said. "I do not suppose any other person can occur to you. It is no use beating about the bush or declining to face the facts. To my mind, it does lie between these two people. Here, as elsewhere, it is for the prosecution to satisfy you that it was not Mr. Thomas. It is not for the defence to satisfy you that it was."

"Mr. Norman Birkett has never undertaken the burden of satisfying you that it was Mr. Thomas. If, at the end of this case, you say you cannot say which it is, you ought to acquit Mrs. Hearn, just as, if you were trying Mr. Thomas, you would have to acquit him."

If they thought it was arsenical poisoning on October 18, the conclusion must surely be that the only source was the sandwiches, and, if so, was it not very difficult, indeed, to come to any other conclusion than that the source and origin of the arsenic was the maker of the sandwiches?

"The sandwiches," said the Judge, "are the very kernel of this case. If you are not satisfied that the arsenic was put in the sandwiches by Mrs. Hearn, then you should acquit her."

On the question of motive the Judge said that, after great reflection and more anxious thought than he gave to any other part of the case, he had decided that he should deal with the possibility of Mrs. Hearn and Mr. Thomas being guilty.

He discussed the suggestion, in the case of Mrs. Hearn, that Minnie was a chambermaid of the ground, that Mrs. Hearn was weary of nursing her, that their circumstances were straitened, and that Minnie, apart from being another mouth to feed, was only an impediment in the way of conducting the business of taking lodgers.

Points Against Conspiracy.

Of course, that was absolutely inadequate to found any justification for such a crime. There, motive was weak, but he thought it was too strong to be called fantastic.

There was also the suggestion that Mrs. Hearn conceived the idea that, with Mrs. Thomas out of the way, she would have strong prospects of becoming Mrs. Thomas.

That was a ludicrously inadequate justification, but the jury knew the criticism of the prosecution that in relation to life and truth, Mrs. Hearn lived in a different world from that of ordinary people.

What could Mr. Thomas's motive be: passion, love, malice, of hatred? There was no evidence that Mrs. Hearn moved him to passion. There was no question of money—a mere £200. As to hatred, that

## £2,000,000 FIRE.

## C.P.R. PORT TERMINUS.

St. John (New Brunswick).—The port of West St. John, the Atlantic winter terminus for Canadian Pacific Railway lines, connecting with ocean traffic, was practically destroyed by fire last month.

It is estimated that £2,000,000 damage has been done.

Nearly the whole of the Harbour Commission facilities have been wiped out. Many sheds have been burnt down, and numbers of the

wharves near by and a grain elevator destroyed.

The Canadian Pacific coastal steamer *Empress* (1,342 tons) caught fire and sank.

Luckily the wind was blowing out to the harbour and there is little danger to the upper town.

West St. John is separated from the town of St. John proper by an arm in the Bay of Fundy, communication between the two being maintained by a short ferry service.

All the C.P.R. lines from Great Britain used the wharves in the winter.



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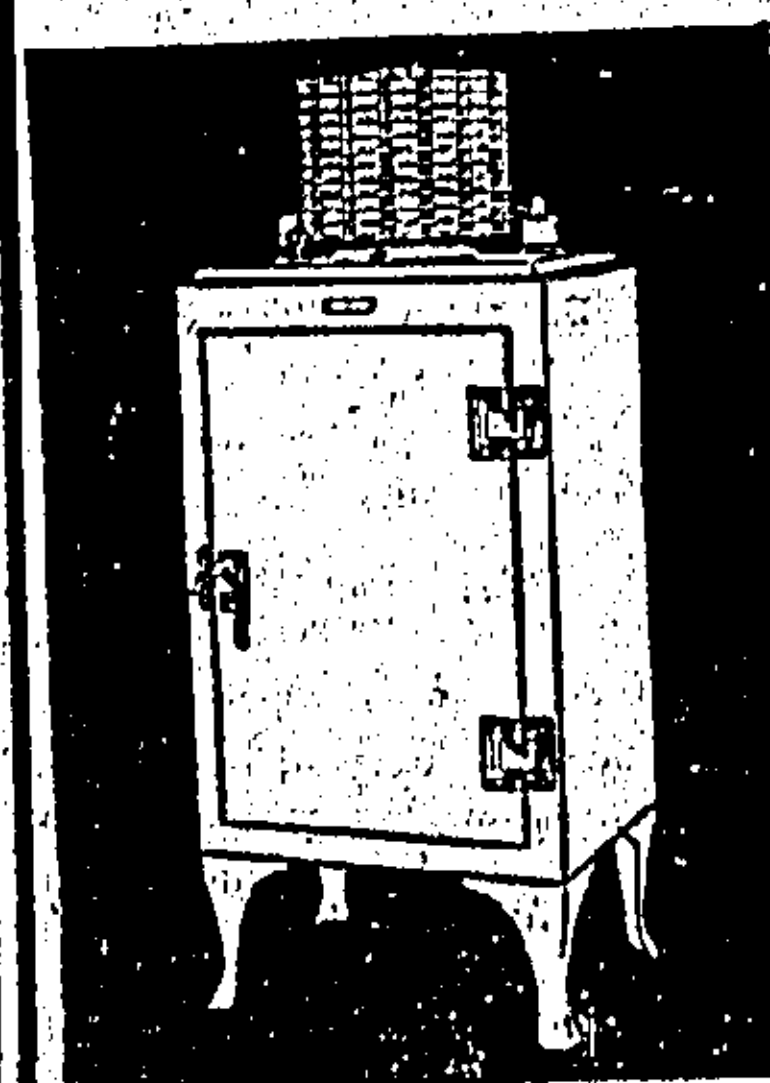
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DAVID HOUSE







**"THE OCCIDENT AND THE ORIENT."****SENATOR KEY PITTMAN'S ADDRESS TO LOCAL ROTARIANS.****TRADE DEPRESSION THE WORLD OVER: BRITISH ENTERPRISE PRAISED.**

The speaker at the Rotary Club tiffin this week was Senator Key Pittman, who is on a visit to China to investigate the cause of the trade depression between the United States of America and China. He received a very warm welcome and was heartily applauded at the end of his address which was entitled, "The Occident and the Orient."

In the course of his speech, Senator Pittman said he thought that there were three reasons why the Occident had reached the position it had to-day. They were the determination for concerted action, the recognition of the fact that there must be a sound, safe unit of value and the fact that foreign commerce must not be obstructed.

There were many distinguished guests present, among whom were the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern, C.M.G. (Colonial Secretary) and Mr. Douglas Jenkins, Consul-General for the United States of America.

**AMERICA'S SILVER INTERESTS.**

Mr. Pittman said that after meeting a number of gentlemen present at receptions, tiffins and dinners, he was reminded of the occasion of his first public speech in Washington when he agreed to address a group of ladies.

When approached he agreed at once without ascertaining who the ladies were. At that time the question of women's suffrage was a very important subject and he naturally assumed that that was the object of the meeting so delivered the strongest speech he could at that time as to why women should have the right to vote. When he was coming out, however, the lady chairman told him that, in justice to himself, the Society was not in favour of women voters but were against it. (Laughter.)

He continued that he had been sent to China by the Foreign Relations Committee of the U.S. Senate for the purpose of investigating the cause of depression in their trade with China. For that purpose he was making a general survey of the whole situation and he had been able to gather a great deal of information. All that he had learned in Hong Kong was not in accord with information he had received at Shanghai, Hankow and Peiping, but he hoped to be able to piece it together and get a general picture.

He would be quite frank and say that his country was selfishly interested in not only maintaining its place in China but in increasing it, and he assumed that, possibly, British business men were interested in the same thing, but he had found out there were two theories about it and he was trying his best to analyse it.

**Now U.S. Policy.**

It had been maintained by the Republican Party in the U.S. Senate for many years that they should sell to somebody else and buy nothing from them. That policy had worked very well until the last two years, but there was now some doubt as to the wisdom of this policy. He understood the theory in Hong Kong was to make the only money they had so cheap that they could not buy abroad and had to buy at home. It was the same theory as a prohibitive protective tariff.

Going back to the subject of the Occident and the Orient, the speaker said he could not help remembering in history that only a few hundred years ago, when culture had existed in China for 2,000 years, the savages of the British Isles were slaughtering each other like bandits were doing in certain parts of China at the present time. There had been, however, a remarkable growth in the British Isles and those little islands had reached out and traded with all the peoples of the world. That trade and commerce was probably the foundation of wealth and power until the time when it could be said that a drum beating in the British Empire could be heard round the world, and so it was to-day.

The Orient was 2,000 years ahead and the Occident was 2,000 years behind, and yet, to-day, it could be argued that the Occident was ahead and the Orient behind. Senator Pittman said he had often wondered why China's vast territory, as large, possibly, as the whole of the British Empire, larger than the United States, and almost as big as the United States and Canada combined, with wonderful natural resources, should not to-day be as powerful as the British Empire, or the United States or as that little island of Japan.

**Oriental Seclusion.**

The speaker continued that he sometimes thought that the Occident had advanced by reason of co-operation and internationalism, by dealing with their fellow men throughout the world, by utilising water for transportation, and later rail for transportation at home; he had often wondered if the desire of the Occident to travel, to provide transport and meet its fellow men had anything to do with it. He often wondered whether the difference between the Oriental and the Occidental was a desirous one, to establish a wall around themselves. He thought the simplest thing in the world was for a people to build a wall around themselves, but the most difficult thing in the world was for them to have communication. When he saw the Great Wall of China, he realised that thousands of years ago a wall round China was essential for protection against the "savage" races who surrounded the cultured race in China. He did not think that the wall served any great purpose at the present time, except as a reminder of engineering skill and culture of that day. There were also walls which nations tried to throw round themselves for protection against competition in trade.

After speaking of his own love of gambling on horse racing, stock exchange, etc., he said that the British Empire borrowed from the world and lent to the world, and the United States, with its original thirteen provinces, was in exactly the same position with regard to money, transportation and defence as China was to-day. They had just as many kinds of money as we had here with exchange difficulties. Senator Pittman continued that he believed that the reason why the Occident had reached the position it had to-day was due to three things: The determination for concerted action; recognition of the fact that there must be a sound, safe unit of value and the fact that foreign commerce must not be obstructed.

**Silver Chaos.**

Dealing with silver, the speaker said that the internal disturbances might have something to do with it. He was not there to advise as to what was to be done but his committee believed that the chaotic conditions of silver money throughout the world, the money used by half the people of the world, was destroying the purchasing power of the money of that half of the world but, worse than that, it was making credit transactions with countries that had no gold standard to back their credits practically impossible. He instanced Germany, France and Italy as countries with no financial basis backing their credit. A reasonable certain exchange value not fixed or stabilised but one dependant on the law of supply and demand was absolutely essential to trade and commerce throughout the world, and trade and commerce throughout the world had reached such a low ebb to-day that Germany was threatened with anarchy and Great Britain's position was not improved. With Germany and Great Britain in distress, the world was also in danger. Germany had promised to pay certain debts in gold but it was perfectly evident she could not get the gold. Great Britain had promised to pay certain debts in gold but it was perfectly evident she could not get the gold unless Germany gave it to her. It was not the fault of Great Britain or Germany but it was the fault of certain conditions the world had fallen into.

In conclusion, Senator Pittman expressed his thanks for the hospitality, kindness and generosity that had been extended to him, and remarked on the prosperity of Hong Kong harbour as one of the greatest ports in the world.

**MR. LI TSE FONG.**

In rising to thank Senator Pittman for his address, Mr. Li Tse Fong said:—

We have listened with great interest to Senator Pittman's address on the Occident and the Orient. I was expecting that Senator Pittman, as an eminent authority on silver, would say something about this important subject. We heard his remarks in regard to the effect of the drop in the price of silver in various countries. Public opinion about silver is rather confused and there appears to be two conflicting schools of thought in regard to the present trade depression in the world and the remedy for it. One regards the drop in the price of silver as the cause and others regard it as the consequence of it.

I do not propose to go into details regarding these two schools of thought and I think it will be sufficient for me to say that if we consider the drop in the price of silver is the cause of the trade depression, the remedy is to be found in promulgating some means to raise the price of silver.

**U.S.A. and China.**

If, on the other hand, we regard it as a natural consequence of the drop in the price of commodities, an adjustment of all the economic factors effecting production and consumption will be necessary. The problem of silver is undoubtedly affecting the two Republics bordering on the Pacific more than any other nations in the world. The United States of America with her large interests in Mexico is the largest supplier of the white metal, while China, being practically the only country that still uses silver as her currency, is one of the largest consumers. It is therefore, not unnatural that she wishes to buy silver at as cheap a price as possible.

Although I am not an adherent to this principle, I think a cheap silver is a good thing for China for it will encourage the development of her own industries and will act as a natural tariff walls which have been set up by other nations. On behalf of the members of the Rotary Club, I thank you for your very interesting address you have given us to-day.

**The Guests.**

Apologies for non-attendance were received from Rotarian B. H. Kotewall, Rotarian Kenelm Digby, and Rotarian B. Wong-Tape (who is suffering from pleurisy). The Chairman welcomed the following guests:—Senator Key Pittman, Mr. Douglas Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern, C.M.G., M. E. Taylor, the Hon. Mr. C. Gordon Mackie, Mr. V. M. Grayburn, Mr. A. M. Compton, Capt. S. M. Barling, Capt. T. R. Ireland, Mr. George Potts, Mr. C. Champkin, Rev. A. S. Adams, Mr. G. W. True, Mr. J. Coulthart, Mr. K. F. Lay, Mr. Ho Lu, Mr. W. A. Stewart, Mr. S. H. Langston, Mr. Lee Fong (Canton), Mr. O. G. Steen, Rotarian F. A. Flood, Lincoln, Nebraska, Mr. C. J. Endert, Mr. A. Stokink and Mr. Hoogensteyn.

other conclusion than that the prisoner was not guilty.

**Crown Submissions.**

Mr. Whyte Smith, in addressing the jury, said that it was quite clear from the doctor's evidence that the girl reached a condition which was consistent with the charge against the prisoner. He submitted that the Chinese valued the chastity of their maidens perhaps more than any other nation, and it was unthinkable that a girl would sacrifice her chastity in the way suggested by the defence for the mere sake of retaining the \$100 which had been paid to the girl's mother.

In summing up, his Lordship dealt with the five points which had been raised by prosecuting Counsel in his opening speech. His Lordship asked the jury to consider, in addition to the main charge, whether the prisoner was guilty of carnal knowledge of a girl under the age of 16, which was an offence in law, and also whether he was guilty of indecent assault.

The jury, after an absence of fifteen minutes, returned a verdict of not guilty of the charge in the indictment, the foreman adding that they were unanimously agreed in their decision that the accused was not guilty also on either of the minor charges.

Accused was accordingly discharged.

**"NOT GUILTY."****JURY'S VERDICT IN AN UNPLEASANT CASE.****GIRL'S ACCUSATIONS NOT SUBSTANTIATED.**

A verdict of not guilty was brought by the jury yesterday at the Criminal Sessions trial of Chan Ming, alias Ming Kee, when he stood charged with the rape of Chan Tsui Fung, a 14-year-old girl, who had been purchased for \$100 five weeks previous to the alleged occurrence as an adopted daughter.

The trial was before the Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice Lindell), Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith prosecuting, and Mr. A. M. L. Soares, instructed by Mr. A. E. Hall, appearing for the defence.

Accused, giving evidence from the witness-box, said that during the time he had the girl under his control, he had treated her as her own daughter. The object of his purchasing the girl was that he required assistance at his stall and he also desired someone to help his wife in the house-work. He denied that he had done any such thing as was alleged against him in the charge.

**A Counter Charge.**

Answering other questions put to him by his Counsel, accused said that he made the report to the police about the girl attempting to run away and the girl's mother then accused him of improper conduct towards the girl.

Mr. Whyte-Smith suggested, in cross-examination, that the girl had every opportunity to run away instead of waiting from April 14 to May 21 if it were true that she was "flying the white pigeon." Accused explained that a longer period than five weeks would elapse in some cases before the pigeon flew back!

Mr. Whyte-Smith: I have heard of some cases where the pigeon has flown back the same day.

Accused: Yes, but my house is near a public market and it would be difficult for the pigeon to fly away in such a short time.

**Wife as Witness.**

Another witness called by the defence was the accused's wife, who denied that there had been any misconduct between her husband and the conduct, between her husband and girl.

Mr. Soares: It has been suggested that you helped your husband to rape this girl on the night of May 20.—No.

If your husband had attempted to do any such thing in your presence, would you have done anything?—Naturally I would not have allowed him to do so.

Mr. Whyte-Smith: Can you suggest why she chose this day to run away when she might have gone any day during the month?—I could not tell what was in her mind, I treated her very well.

In answer to his Lordship, witness said that she was a widow and the accused was a widower when they were married over ten years ago.

**Address for Defence.**

In his final address, Mr. Soares told the jury that the charge against the accused was a very serious one, and as Counsel for the defence he had an even greater responsibility than the prosecuting Counsel in satisfying them that the accused was not guilty. Counsel said it was one of those cases in which it was easy to bring a charge of this nature and adduce evidence, but one which was difficult for an accused person to disprove. The onus, however, was on the prosecution to prove the charge beyond any reasonable doubt, and if there was any doubt in the minds of the jury on the evidence before them the accused should be given the benefit of it.

Counsel went on to deal with the inconsistencies in the evidence of the Crown witnesses, which he stressed were on vital issues rather than on minor points, and he submitted that the story for the prosecution was an impossible one from beginning to end. Counsel said that on the jury's decision rested not only the liberty of the prisoner but also the welfare of his wife and daughter, and on the evidence before them they could come to no

(Continued on previous Column.)

**HONG KONG STOCK MARKET.****CROUCHER & CO.'S DAILY REPORT.**

There was a general all round improvement in rates to-day, brought about to some extent by a short position in some of the popular counters.

Sales of Unions were made at \$555 and \$560 and Underwriters at \$54.

Wharves slightly improved to \$165. The activity in Providents was maintained with sales at \$9.25 cash and \$9½ September. The market is easier now with sellers at \$6.45.

Hotels at \$18.40 old and \$15.90 were taken off the market with forward business in the combined shares at \$18.10 August.

Lands are offering at \$92 principally for settlement account.

Realty, are unchanged at \$14.85 with further sales at \$15 for August.

Exor are neglected Shanghai quoting Tis. 14.50 buyers, but locally there were sellers at Tis. 14.30.

Trams are quiet at \$31.70 and Ferries at \$34.

Lights were sold at \$25.00 and \$28 and Electric \$31.50 for the Settlement.

Cements hardened and sales were made up to \$19.80 September, with cash buyers at \$19.30.

Ropes can be placed at \$21.75.

Dairy Farms are in favour, with few shares available, sales in the afternoon at \$32.50 were made and there are further buyers at this rate.

**"ALL THAT GILTTERS..."****PAWNBROKERS' CAUGHT UNAWARES.**

The story of how a man took three articles, which had the appearance of being gold but which turned out eventually to be silver, to a pawn shop where he received sums of \$35 and \$18 was told before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

The complainant told the Court that on July 6, defendant went to his shop and produced a piece of metal which he wanted to pawn for \$20. He was only given \$17 and later that evening returned with another piece for which he was given \$18. After he left, it was discovered that the metal was gold only on the outside, the inside being copper. There was no trace of him till the next Monday when he returned to the shop with a third piece of metal for which he asked \$18. The police were called in and the man was arrested.

A *futi* gave corroborative evidence after which another witness gave evidence to the effect that he examined the metal and found it to be gold on the outside and silver inside. The pieces he saw was worth only \$4 but as he did not see the other two pieces, he did not know how much they were worth.

Defendant said he was given a piece of base gold by a friend to pawn for \$18 on Monday but he denied having been to the pawnshop on the previous occasions as alleged by the complainants. He was discharged, the Magistrate remarking that the pawn brokers should have been more careful when buying gold.

**SCHOOL-MISTRESS CHARGED.****AN ALLEGED CONFESSION.**

The case against Chan Wai Man, a school-mistress, who is accused of stealing a purse containing \$150, was continued at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. F. C. Randall was in charge of the case for the prosecution and Mr. T. X. d'Almada was for the defence.

Li Sui Wan, the complainant, stated that the defendant signed a paper stating that the latter would pay back the money that was supposed to have been stolen. Mr. d'Almada contended that this evidence was obtained under duress and therefore could not be taken as a confession.

His Worship pointed out that until the Court was in possession of more facts, it was not in a position to hold that the evidence was a confession. He further stated that there was a case in answer on facts, with which contention Counsel for the defence did not agree.

The case was adjourned until next Tuesday.

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Their freshness and perfect flavour add a pleasure to every meal.

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New Process RECORDS  
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DX77—CROWN DIAMONDS	" " " "
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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## THE HONG KONG LAND INVESTMENT &amp; AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

**AN INTERIM DIVIDEND OF TWO DOLLARS** Per Share for the Six Months ending 30th June, 1931, will be payable on **WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12th**, on which Date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office, 3, CHATER ROAD.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from **MONDAY, the 2nd AUGUST, to TUESDAY, the 11th AUGUST** (Both Days inclusive), during which Period No Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
**H. A. RODGERS,**  
Acting Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 21st July, 1931. [985]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on **MONDAY, the 27th DAY of JULY, 1931, at 3 p.m.**, at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of **CROWN LAND** at Shek Shan, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.									
No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price				
1	Kowloon Island Lot No. 2392, South of Kowloon Island Lot No. 2391, Ma Tau Wai Road.	As per sale plan.	About 9,200	170	13,950				

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on **MONDAY, the 27th DAY of JULY, 1931, at 3 p.m.**, at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of **CROWN LAND** at Sai Ying Pun, Kowloon City, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1931, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.									
No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price				
1	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 1338, Sai Ying Pun (Kowloon City) near New Kowloon Island Lot No. 1418, Inland Lot No. 1418.	As per sale plan.	About 11,930	130	5,635				

## H. HUMPHREYS ESTATE &amp; FINANCE CO., LTD.

## NOTICE

**THE** Undermentioned Certificates for 150 Old Shares in the Company registered in the Name of the Late ISAAC SAMUEL PERRY have been LOST or DESTROYED; and should these Certificates not be produced to the Company before the 20th AUGUST, 1931, New Certificates for said Shares will be issued and the Old Certificates Nos. 6746 and 6768 will be thereafter treated by this Company as NULL and VOID.

Certificate No. 6748 for 50 Shares Nos. 88501/88550.  
Certificate No. 6768 for 100 Shares Nos. 88501/88550 and 129645/129694.

**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON**  
General Managers.  
Hong Kong, 20th July, 1931. [979]

## HONG KONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

## MEMBERSHIP.

**CLUB** Secretaries are Reminded that Applications for MEMBERSHIP to the ASSOCIATION and Entries for the LEAGUE COMPETITIONS CLOSE on AUGUST 1st.

**W. E. HOLLANDS,**  
Hon. Secretary.  
16th July, 1931. [972]

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## FOR MEN

Delightfully soothing  
& contains those  
antiseptic &  
germicidal  
properties  
specially suitable  
for the hot weather

MAY BE HAD

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WITHOUT OIL

EACH \$1.75

**A. S. WATSON & Co.,**  
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## NOTICE

**THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
(INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG).

**THE CERTIFICATE** dated 1st FEBRUARY, 1930, for Four Shares, \$20 Per Share Paid-up, Numbered 5546, 5895, 11870 and 17876 in this Company standing in the Name of **FRANCO MANUEL DA CUNHA** (since deceased) of MACAO has been declared LOST and if at the Expiration of One Month from the Date hereof the above Document be not forthcoming the said Certificate will be deemed CANCELLED and of No Effect, and a NEW Certificate for the said Shares will be issued in its stead by the Company.

**H. O. GRAY,**  
Acting General Manager.  
Hong Kong, 20th July, 1931. [975]

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**FURNISHED HOUSE ON MOTOR ROAD** between DEEP WATER BAY and REFUGEE BAY. Available 1st SEPTEMBER.  
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If, when at home, they will call or telephone to the above address, they will receive the utmost assistance and the latest available information on all subjects of enquiry will be placed at their disposal.

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**WILLIS KNIGHT SEDAN DE LUXE**, 1930 Model, 4,000 miles, 115" wheelbase, condition as new.  
Price: \$4,500.

**WHIPPER SIX SEDAN**, 1927, 28 Model, good condition and mechanically sound.  
Price: \$1,650.

**AUSTIN 7 FABRIC SEDAN**, as new, 8,000 miles.  
Price: \$2,000.

**BUICK TWO SEATER**, Old Model, but small mileage and in thoroughly good condition.  
Price: \$800.

**WHIPPER SIX DE LUXE SEDAN**, late 1929, perfect condition.  
Price: \$2,900.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY—  
**GILMAN & Co., Ltd.**  
NEW BANK BUILDING.  
[A.P.B.]

## BIRTH.

**CHRISTENSEN**—On July 15, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. H. J. CHRISTENSEN, a son.

## DEATH.

**WETHERELL**—On June 12, suddenly, at "The Oaks," Curridge, Hampshire, Capt. R. H. WETHERELL, late of Hong Kong. [985]

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## The Daily Press

HONG KONG, JULY 22, 1931.

## BRITISH AGRICULTURAL SHOWS.

The most striking feature of the agricultural shows held in Great Britain this year is the growing public interest in them. The great national shows especially—the Bath and West; the Royal Counties; the Three Counties; the Highland; and the Royal Shows—have always attracted those interested in agriculture, and county shows have done the same. But there seems to be a growing tendency for the public who have no direct contact with agriculture to visit the shows and to take a keen interest in the stock and in the various exhibits which demonstrate the progress of British agriculture. During the four days of the Royal Counties Show at Portsmouth at the beginning of June, 56,283 people attended it.

This interest in agriculture is due to various causes. The newspapers have of late devoted more than usual space to the subject. In some cases protective tariffs for the agricultural interests are demanded; in others it is asserted that the traditional British policy of free trade should be maintained; while the Government has put forward comprehensive schemes for agricultural development. The great industrial depression has also no doubt turned more and more people's minds to the question of the production of home-grown food, and at the same time there is a growing desire to get away to some extent from modern mechanisation and back to the simple, natural things of life. Further, agriculture has become more interesting to many because science now takes a keen interest in it. Research stations are busy in many places solving age-old problems, and only increasing yields and improving crops but adding a new zest to country life.

All these factors have resulted not only in rousing greater interest in the subject, but in stimulating the organisers to make shows more attractive. One expert who visited the Great Bath and West Show at Bristol (this show has a history of over 150 years) commented on its excellence from every point of view. It was better this year than ever before in his recollection. So much so that varied machinery had never been seen there before. The dairy stock was splendid. There was evidence of great advance in poultry production, in fruit culture, in village arts and crafts, and even in the growing of flowers. The most rapidly developing branch of all rural production in the West Country would seem to be poultry rearing. Some of the new poultry farms there sold one million eggs a week during the month of May, representing an advance of 45 per cent during the past year.

Poultry were also prominent at the Royal Counties Show held at Portsmouth early in June, over 700 exhibits having been entered. The rabbit section had over 400 entries. Of other stock there were entered 440 horses, 400 cattle, 205 sheep, and 173 pigs. In the cattle section Guernseys and Jerseys predominated, while among the sheep South-downs and Hampshires were most numerous. The Royal Counties Show is a particular favourite because combined with it is the Hackney Horse Societies' Show, which brings together a magnificent collection of these fine English horses. Another thing clearly demonstrated at Portsmouth is the growth of the canned goods industry in Great Britain. Canneries are opening in a number of centres, and the advance in sales has exceeded the most optimistic hopes of the pioneers of this movement.

Since the Gloucestershire Society joined up with the Herefordshire and Worcestershire Societies in 1929, the Three Counties has taken its place among the most representative shows in the country. The leading breeders of livestock send their finest specimens there, and the show also has an important educational side; it keeps the farmers, and the young people who may become farmers, in touch with the latest developments of science in its application to agriculture. This year the show was held at Hereford, the home of the famous Hereford breed of cattle. The muster of Herefords was not so great as usual and the entries for the show showed a general decrease in the cattle classes, but the horses were in as great numbers as a year ago. The numbers were as follows:—Cattle, 473; horses, 168; cattle, 170; pigs, 140; goats, 110. The surprising feature was the increase in the number of goats exhibited; in 1928 there were 58, and last year there were 70.

The county shows have done remarkably well this year. The first of the season was the Oxfordshire show, held at Thame, a small town, famous for its interest in the reconstruction of rural life. The farmers of the County of Suffolk celebrated the centenary of their show at Ipswich this year, when over £3,000 was given in prizes, as compared with the £100 distributed a century ago. There were over one thousand entries, including 280 horses, 331 cattle, 160 sheep, and 152 pigs. Suffolk has its own distinctive breeds of heavy horses, cows, and sheep, and on the opening day of the show it was reported that a score of Suffolk Down sheep, a breed now to be found all over the world, had been sent to Spain and others had been ordered for Denmark. Thus, in spite of trade depression, British agriculturalists still continue to breed some of the finest livestock the world produces.

## THE END OF A SUPER-DREADNOUGHT.

The report that the Admiralty intend to sacrifice the battleship Emperor of India to heavy gunnery practice by the fleet in only partially correct. The vessel is not to be sent to the bottom to give a demonstration of the prodigious power of the 16-inch guns of the Nelson and Rodney, as had been stated. She is now being prepared as a target, but she is not to be sunk. This is a wise decision on several grounds. The value of this ship of 25,000 tons for breaking-up purposes is probably somewhere in the neighbourhood of £40,000. To send such a substantial sum to the bottom in these days when "strict economy" is so rigidly imposed upon the Navy would only be justified if it could be maintained that the results were worth it. In this case it would be very difficult to maintain anything of the sort, for if the Emperor of India were pounded until she went down she would take with her the most important data which such firing tests can establish, and nobody would know anything about it. That a ship can be sunk by heavy gunfire is an obvious fact; what the naval designers want to learn is just why she has been sunk.

As far as is known all the big ship losses of the war were caused by internal explosions; by a "lucky one" touching off the magazines. The mere process of armour perforation by high-explosive projectiles would take a very long time in disposing of a great vessel in these days of "honeycomb" compartments. Had the Emperor of India been sunk off Portland, as was widely stated to be the intention, it is pretty certain that there would have been a loud outcry from the fishermen regarding another "deliberate obstruction" of the trawling grounds. Since this battleship is to be dedicated to gunnery experiments, there is one direction in which she can be made to serve a very much more generally useful purpose than that of sinking (Continued on next column.)

## The Cure.

"You're thinner than you were, old man." "Yes, since I've taken up horse riding I've fallen off a good deal."

## A Fish Story!

A count of salmon taken in British Columbia waters last year showed that the grand total was 37,000,000. It was a record season, the previous high total being 2,500,000 less, in 1929.

## Civil Service Exams!

With the approach of July, says a Home paper, the season of Civil Service examinations has begun, and for the next few weeks Burlington House will echo to the scratching of pens and the tearing up of wasted paper. There is one great change. There is to-day no attempt to dress for this solemn occasion. Modern youths go to exams in tweed coat and flannel trousers. The army of martyrs was attended by two different types of elderly gentlemen. The well-groomed were the fathers anxious to impress on young Peter and wasteful Willie the necessity of a supreme effort. The men with the unkempt hair and the "scruggly" beards were the coaches from the crumpled corners of the press. Mothers do not attend this sorrowful procession. They are more understanding than the fathers. They will be at home, however, for the final result and for the almost inevitable failure. For to-day, with the uncertainty of business, youth is flocking to the Civil Service. This year there are over seventy candidates for one vacancy in the diplomatic service.

her. Let her be sold as usual after she has been sufficiently pounded; the process will not appreciably impair her breaking-up value—and let what she realises be applied to providing additional practice ammunition for the Navy, which needs it badly these parsimonious times.

## ★ Local Notes and Events ★

The National Government in Nanking has called a Conference on Tibetan Affairs in Nanking for September.

A four-year-old Chinese girl was scalded to death by falling into a pot of boiling jelly at her home at 18, Second Street.

A 14-year-old boy was taken to the Kowloon Hospital on Monday after being knocked down by a motor bus. His condition is said to be serious.

The Assistant Commissioner of the St. John Ambulance Brigade acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following donation to Brigade funds:—His Excellency the Governor \$50.

A Chinese woman, aged 26, was admitted to the Government Civil Hospital on Monday, suffering from serious injuries through being knocked down by a tram near Morrison Street. She died three hours after being admitted to the Hospital.

Dr. Alfred S. K. Sze, Chinese Minister to Great Britain, has wired to the Waichingpu declining an appointment as Chinese delegate to the League of Nations Conference on the grounds of illness. He has, however, been ordered to take up the duties.

Two men were charged with housebreaking and theft and two women with receiving stolen property before Mr. Fraser at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. One man pleaded guilty but the other three denied the charges. Rehearing of the case was fixed for next Tuesday morning.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Cecil, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Clear, to Lieutenant Alwyn Douglas Lennox-Conyngnam, R.N., son of the Rev. G. H. and Mrs. Rectory, Sussex, will take place at Lavenham on the 30th inst., according to information received in Shanghai.

The Shanghai Special District Court Judges are making a determined attempt to put an end to the practice of pocket picking by meting out severe sentences to offenders. Last week, two of the individuals appeared before Judge Chow and were sentenced, respectively to two years and to 14 months.

Before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday, a Hoklo, named Chan Sun, was charged with being concerned in a piracy which took place in January, 1927, off Fan Lam Point. The case was adjourned.

A Chinese was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. Fraser at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. The man admitted stealing a jacket, the property of Mr. S. M. Moosa, No. 18, Parkes Street.

On Sunday, July 20, the 11 o'clock service at the Union Church, Kennedy Road, is to be a special one for young people. The day is to be known as "Young People's Sunday." The preacher at the service will be the Rev. E. G. Powell, and Mr. W. McQuinn and Mr. S. Taylor will be the Reader and Soloist, respectively.

According to a report issued by the Bureau of Health at Canton seven cases of diphtheria and thirty cases of cholera were reported in the city and vicinity recently. The infectious diseases have spread rapidly through Canton and also in Honan Island and precautionary measures are being taken immediately by the health authority.

A master of a fishing junk told an unusual story to the police yesterday. He stated that a fish had advanced with \$41 which had been advanced on his wages. He later accented the man and after he had promised to return and work off the debt, he jumped overboard and disappeared. He was not seen again in spite of the search that was carried out by the junk.

The appointment became operative on June 20 of Captain J. H. Godfrey to command H.M.S. Kent, which is refitting at Chatham Dockyard, and, after recommissioning next month, is to return to duty as flagship on the China Station. Captain B. H. Ramsay, M.V.O., who has commanded the vessel for two years, is to join the staff of the Imperial Defence College in the autumn.

The following were among those who were called to the Bar at the Inns of Court on June 17:—Inner Temple: C. H. Koh, Emmanuel Coll., Camb.; B. A. Middle Temple: P. Y. Tan; H. T. Ong, S. O. Chin; R. C. H. Lim, B.A., Hong Kong University. Straits Settlements Government Scholar to Hong Kong University, 1924-27. Scholarship to Geneva School of International Studies, 1931.

Dr. W. W. Yen, former Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs in Peiping, who, since 1924, has been in retirement from politics and engaged in business in Tientsin, has been mentioned for the post of Chinese Minister to the United States in succession to Dr. C. C. Wu, who resigned recently in order to join the Canton party. Dr. Yen was several weeks ago elected chairman of the China International Famine Relief Commission.

## "Pigs Is Pigs."

Mr. James De Rothschild was responsible for the one bright moment during question time in the Commons one day last month. He suggested that the grand open subsidy should be devoted to the more utilitarian purpose of fostering pig breeding. That made Mr. Baldwin laugh.

## Poison Fog Sequel.

Brussels.—M. Remo Charles, Chief Engineer of the Meuse chemical works of Tilleur near Brussels and two directors of the same factory, will appear before the correctional court of Liege on the charge of having neglected to take necessary precautions to suppress noxious fumes in the Seraing and Tilleur areas, which were so severely stricken last December. A fog which hung for some days over the valley of the Meuse last December, during "particularly cold weather, resulted in 64 deaths.

## 1931 Champagne.

"I rather doubt the statement that this will be a great champagne year," writes an expert: "If the July and August weather is good, it may be an over-early year, for the vines have flowered fairly well. But the rain and cold of the spring and early summer have put all records out of the question. It is, however, almost miraculous that greater damage was not done. But do we want a record champagne year? I know I don't, and I don't know any shipper in the Rheims or any other wine district who wants a great vintage just now. The truth of the matter is, I gathered, that there is a tremendous amount of wine in France, which, with general spending capacity much less than it was, the trade finds the utmost difficulty in getting rid of. Last year's wine crop was a complete failure. But the previous year was wonderful, and so were 1928 and 1929, which produced a vast quantity of first-class champagne, most of which is still awaiting purchasers."

The dispute between the seamen, stokers and stewards in the employ of the China Merchants S.N. Co. and their employers, over the payment of four months' wages which were not paid to the men during the time the company was under the management of the late Mr. Chao Tieh Chiao and Mr. Li Chung Kung, has been settled by the payment of the sums due. Mr. Kuo Wei Fong, the new general manager has promised to see that the men are paid promptly in future.

Owing to acute business depression in the United States and the lack of sufficient support, says the North-China Daily News, the next round-the-world cruise of the liner Belgeland has been abandoned, according to information received by the American Express Co. This would have been the eighth cruise of the Belgeland. Doubtless it will be a great blow to Chinese curio and embroidery shops at tourists generally leave behind them between \$100,000 and \$200,000 in China in exchange for purchases.

## Looking Back 25 Years.

The principal charitable institutions at Canton have been advised by their Shanghai confederates that the remains of Fung Ha Wei (the boycott hero) were being shipped to Canton by one of the China Merchants' steamers, and requested to see that a suitable reception be prepared for their arrival. The boycott is practically extinct now, but the inflammatory speeches that are bound to be made at the ceremonies will perhaps stir the matter up again. The Viceroy would be wise in prohibiting any extraordinary demonstration. H.E. is more than usually occupied as it is, and can ill afford to see fresh troubles arise.—Hong Kong Daily Press, July 23, 1906.

## Looking Back 50 Years.

The Foochow paper states that a very important capture of criminals at Chuan Chow (between Foochow and Amoy) has been effected, no less than twenty-eight pirates having been captured. These men were captured by two of the Viceroy's war junks about 22 miles from Chuan Chow, while in the act of plundering a merchant junk. The criminals were later brought to Foochow, and four of the ringleaders were confined in boxes about 20 inches square, their heads protruding through a hole in the top. These four men have been sentenced to death and the rest have been committed to various terms of imprisonment. It is believed that the men belong to a gang of pirates who plundered the German harque Occident sometime ago.—Hong Kong Daily Press, July 23, 1931.



## CONTINUATION OF SHORT-TERM CREDITS: NO NEW LOAN FOR GERMANY.

ORDER FOR WINDING-UP OF LARGE GERMAN FIRM  
GRANTED TO DUTCH CREDITORS.

## TURNING POINT IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD?

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY AND BRITISH WIRELESS.]

LONDON, July 21.  
The London Conference adjourned for the day after a general discussion in which Mr. Stimson said that the United States had not withdrawn any credits from Germany, on the contrary in some instances they had actually increased them.

The impression is gaining strength that the outcome of the conference will be in the direction of a continuation of short-term credits to Germany and no loan.

Mr. Stimson stressed the belief that big American banks will co-operate in keeping the credits of Germany provided similar institutions in other countries did the same.

Efforts to find financial support for the Nord Woll Company of Bremen in order to save it from bankruptcy have failed.

The Bremen Court has now granted the Dutch creditors a petition for winding-up.

## DELEGATES MEET IN SPIRIT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOODWILL.

LONDON, July 21.

In order to prevent any misapprehensions Reuters has been requested to state that the J. F. Schroeder Bank at Bremen which is closed temporarily is in no way connected with J. Henry Schroeder and Company of London, nor with the J. Henry Schroeder Banking Corporation of New York.

Rugby, July 21.  
This morning's session of the London Conference, lasted nearly three hours, after which the following communiqué was issued:—  
"The International Conference met at the Foreign Office this morning and considered the method of international financial co-operation whereby the confidence in Germany's economic stability may be restored."

It was arranged that Finance Ministers, of countries represented at the Conference, with Dr. Brüning and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in the chair should meet this afternoon to continue examination of the question.

**Press Comment.**  
Commenting on the Conference the *Daily Herald* says: "It is significant that once again London has become the main centre of international diplomacy. Throughout the present financial crisis steadiness and self-control of its business community have made London an object lesson to the world. In Great Britain there are all conditions requisite for the task of eliminating international friction and restoring goodwill."

The *Daily News* says: "To make it safe or wise to lend money to Germany at the present time what is really required is certainty, so far as is humanly possible, that Europe is embarking upon a period of real peace, and assurance that a genuine effort will now be made to remove obstacles which fear and National pride have created to the natural extension of her economic development. It is quite certain the present Conference cannot achieve anything of the kind in its entirety. It has not time. What the Conference must do, if it is to succeed, is to devise some means of assuring the world that problems, which cannot be settled here and now, are left in a fair way to settlement."

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

**A Good Stroke of Business.**

LONDON, July 20.  
Ministers conferred for two hours to-day, when Mr. Ramsay MacDonald outlined the causes of the German crisis and the President Hoover's memorandum as an act of courage and statesmanship, also a good stroke of business.

Germany's emergency must be met before it overwhelms the whole of central Europe, and investors' confidence in Germany must be restored. What could be done must be largely reserved for bankers and financiers, but he concluded that agreement here will re-

inspire the peoples with confidence and courage.

There will be a plenary meeting to-morrow at ten o'clock.

**Turning Point for Good or Ill?**

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald emphasised that the present conference might be the turning point in the history of the world for good or ill. If no solution to the crisis were found none could foretell the political and financial dangers that would ensue. If a solution were found, it would be a striking proof of the growing effectiveness of international co-operation.

Mr. MacDonald dined informally with Dr. Brüning and Dr. Curtius at the House of Commons to-night. Mr. Arthur Henderson and Mr. Philip Snowden were also present.

**Immense Interest.**

Rugby, July 20.  
Within an hour of their arrival at Victoria Station to-night the delegates from France, Germany, Italy and Belgium who had come from Paris to attend the Seven-Power Conference on the German financial situation had ressembled in company with representatives of Britain, America and Japan in the Prime Minister's room at the House of Commons for the preliminary meeting.

The immense public interest taken in the Conference, the importance of which is fully realised, was shown by the crowds at the station and later outside the House of Commons, where the delegates were greeted by the Prime Minister, the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Arthur Henderson, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Philip Snowden.

The proceedings were opened by the Prime Minister, who reviewed the situation which the Conference had been called to face. The meeting was still sitting two hours later.

A communiqué issued at the conclusion of the sitting stated that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, as President of the Conference, explained the origins of the crisis and the importance of the task confronting them.

Afterwards M. Laval gave the Conference an account of the meetings which had taken place in Paris and explained the spirit in which the conversations between the French and German Ministers had been initiated.

He set forth in detail the position of France in the debate which was about to begin and once more expressed the hope of loyal collaboration between France and Germany for the restoration of confidence and credit in the world.

**German Co-operation.**

Dr. Brüning confirmed the opinion of co-operation and expressed gratitude for the opportunity of the Paris conversations. He gave an account with statistics of the financial condition of Germany and the measures taken to meet it. He urged the necessity of providing assistance to relieve the situation.

Questions of procedure were then discussed and the meeting adjourned until to-morrow morning at the Foreign Office.

**Unprecedented Fall in Prices.**

In the opening procedure Mr. MacDonald, after welcoming the delegates, indicated the purpose which the British Government thinks the Conference should serve. He expressed the view that for good or ill the present moment might prove one of the turning points in the world's history, for if no solution were found of the present crisis, the world would be plunged into a new era of economic darkness.

(Continued on next column.)

## TEAPOT DOME OIL SCANDAL.

EX-SECRETARY FALL  
IMPRISONED.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY AND BRITISH WIRELESS.]

SANTA FE, New Mexico, July 21.  
Conveyed in an ambulance which he described as "That damned hearse," ex-Secretary of the Interior Albert Fall was taken to the New Mexico State Prison to serve sentence of a year and a day in connection with the Teapot Dome Oil Scandal.

The taking of fingerprints and other prison formalities were postponed until the prison doctor certified that Albert Fall was fit to stand the strain.

## MOTOR-BOAT SPEED RECORD.

MISS ENGLAND II. TOUCHES  
124 M.P.H.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 21.  
It is stated Kaye Don's motor-boat, Miss England II., in unofficial trials on Lake Garda, during last few days, reached a speed of 124 M.P.H., fourteen miles above the official world record established by this craft.

crisis, the political and financial dangers which might follow could not be foretold. If a solution were found then it would be a striking proof of the growing effectiveness of international co-operation.

He recalled how in the past two years the unprecedented fall in prices among practically all the primary commodities had thrown out of gear the economic life of the world. This had accentuated the burden of debts and led to the difficulties for all debtor countries.

The effects most acutely felt by the International industrial and financial States and the special position of Germany both as an exporting and a debtor State had involved her to a supreme degree in all the problems which the other States had to face in a less critical manner.

The German Government had increased taxation but last month felt bound to declare that unless the position improved they would have to use their privileges under the Young Plan to declare a postponement.

**Spirit of Goodwill.**

They met in a spirit of co-operative goodwill, determined to reach an agreement not only meeting the requirements of the present crisis, but to make an effort to pacify Europe's disturbed state of mind.

They must candidly admit, that there were some things which their respective public opinions would not permit them to do. They were not at the Conference to enforce, or defect, or humiliate, but to consider the problem objectively, to remember that they were in essentially inter-dependent and to agree to be accommodating upon something to which the various Parliaments would agree.

As regards the financial aspect of the crisis, the question of what can be done must largely be reserved for bankers and financiers. He could only speak in general terms.

**Two Alternatives.**

There seem two main alternatives. One was to find a means of arranging new loans or credits to Germany. It was a matter which has been given consideration in Paris. He was told there were difficulties which would have to be surmounted before any loan could be obtained in the market here. They must consider this. It might not be the best solution.

The one they must find must be mutually possible and effective for its purpose.

The other way would be to attack directly the question of whether, by strengthening the internal position of Germany, they could give an assurance of its stability to the outside world, so as not only to prevent the capital that was already in Germany from being withdrawn, but to enable it to be provided that she had the require capital resources.

**Debt Postponement.**

It was for that purpose President Hoover had proposed the postponement for a year of all debts and reparations. This represented a very real relief.

It might prove insufficient but that could be determined later. Their first problem was to decide how to bring it into effect with greater speed. They must begin to work from the point which had been reached in Paris. They were all glad of the Conference held there between the French and German which should prove of infinite assistance.

## SINGAPORE NAVAL BASE.

IMPORTANCES TO NEW  
ZEALAND STRESSED.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, July 21.

The Premier, Mr. Forde, initiating the debate on the results of the last Imperial Conference, stressed the importance that New Zealand attached to the Singapore Naval Base, and expressed his regret at the necessity of postponing its completion.

## LORD KYLSANT AT OLD BAILEY.

CHAIRMAN OF R.M.S.P.  
PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 21.

Lord Kysant and Mr. Morland entered the dock at the Old Bailey to-day and pleaded "not guilty" to charges arising out of the affairs of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.

The Attorney-General opened the case with a speech lasting nearly five hours. He said that he did not disapprove of the creation of secret reserves, but submitted that the use of them over a long period in order to show that the Company was running smoothly was to present an absolutely untrue view of the Company's prospects and business.

The company lived on its own fat for five years and in 1925 was rapidly becoming a skeleton.

Large sums were taken from reserve to keep the pot boiling. Sir William McLintock had reported that between 1921 and 1925 the sums taken from reserve totalled \$2,800,000, and items of a non-recurring character brought up the grand total to \$4,400,000.

[A message of June 13 stated:—Two summonses granted by the Magistrate at the Mansion House

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.35 p.m., stated:—

A depression is central over the southern part of the Sea of Japan. A trough of low pressure extends from it to the upper Yangtze Valley.

Local Forecast:—S. winds, moderate; fair.

## DANCER'S 16-STORY DEATH LEAP.

ASSOCIATE OF PAVLOVA.

Chicago.—Mr. Andreas Pavley, well-known classic dancer, who was at one time an associate of Pavlova, plunged to his death from the sixteenth floor of the hotel at which he was staying. Mr. Pavley was in his twenty-fifth year.

The dancer's body, clad in pyjamas, crashed on to the cement pavement, narrowly missing an hotel clerk. The fly-screen in front of the window of his room had been smashed away by a portable wireless set, which Mr. Pavley had used as a hatchet.

The manager of the hotel said that Mr. Pavley had moved into a cheaper room three weeks before complaining that he had suffered financial loss. He was of Dutch parentage, and for several years led the ballet in the Chicago Civic Opera.

## CANTON LEADERS JUBILANT.

A "GREY" GENERAL JOINS  
ANTI-CHIANG MOVEMENT.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

CANTON, July 21.

The National Government in Canton is jubilant because of the latest military developments in the North. General Shih Yu San, one of the "grey" generals of the North, has positively turned against Nanking and is taking orders from Canton. The local Government has appointed him Commander-in-Chief of the 5th Army Corps, a post equivalent to that held by General Chen Tsai Tong. A telegram from Honan to the members of the National Government here stated that Shih Yu San formally assumed his new post last Saturday and is mobilizing his armies in Honan, preparatory to a drive on to Nanking.

## NORTH JOINS THE SOUTH?

[Wah Tsz Yat Pao.]

CANTON, July 21.

As the Northern Generals are starting open revolt against Nanking, the anti-Nanking movement is being accelerated. The Canton Government leaders are prepared to issue another manifesto in the name of the National Government to announce the raising of an expedition against Chiang Kai Shek.

**Troop Movements.**

[CENTRAL PRESS WIRELESS.]

TIENTSIN, July 20.

About 150,000 troops under the command of Generals Shih Yu San, Sun Tien Ying, Han Fu Chu, Soong Chih Yuan and others are on the move in southern Honan and northern Shantung. According to military circles, it is improbable that the Nanking troops will resist for their number is about 70,000, and most of them are on garrison duty along the Peiping-Tientsin Railway.

The officers of the Fengtien troops in this vicinity are well dressed and their arms appear quite modern.

The manifesto against Chiang Kai Shek has been signed by nearly all the commanders of the Shansi and Kuomintang armies. It calls upon Chiang Kai Shek to resign since he is the stumbling block to unification and progress in China.

## THE ANTI-RED CAMPAIGN.

[CENTRAL PRESS WIRELESS.]

NANCHANG, July 20.

The gunboats here have steam up ready to convey General Chiang Kai Shek back to Nanking. Chiang is said to have returned here last night though officials at military headquarters neither deny nor admit his return.

The anti-Red campaign has met with little success, and General Chen Ming Shu is very disappointed at the slow progress.

The main strength of the Red armies is still in southern Kiangsi, and according to official intelligence another drive against the Red hordes will be launched sometime this week.

## SPECIALISTS IN DIFFERENT TRADES FOR FAR EAST.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF FAR  
EAST ECONOMIC MISSION.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

In the House of Commons to-day at question-time, Mr. G. M. Gillett, of the Department of Overseas Trade, informed a questioner that the Report of the Economic Mission to the Far East did not include a recommendation for the appointment of Trade Commissioners.

The Mission advocated the selection of specialists and experts in different trades and his Department, the Ministry of Commerce, was conferring with several industries with a view to the recommendation receiving the fullest consideration.

## DR. FRANCIS TUCKER ARRESTED.

KUOMINTANG DEMAND  
THAT HE SHOULD DIE.

SHANGHAI, July 21.

Following a public agitation "against Imperial demonstration," the Chinese authorities in Shantung arrested Dr. Francis Tucker, the respected superintendent of the American Board Mission Hospital at Tehchow, and have taken him to Tsinanfu. So far they have refused to hand him over to the American Consulate.

Dr. Tucker on the night of July 11 shot and killed a Chinese, who was attempting to rob the hospital, where recently a number of robberies have taken place.

The local Kuomintang is demanding, *inter alia*, that Dr. Tucker should die.

## HACKNEY WOMAN'S CLAIM AGAINST CINEMA.

RENOUNCES RIGHT TO  
FULL AWARD.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 21.

Messrs. Millic Orpen has renounced to the Haymarket Capitol the full amount awarded her and has undertaken not to enforce payment.

[A message dated July 17 stated:—A common informer has established the right to recover £5,000 against a cinema which kept open on Sundays after the High Court decided this was illegal.]

The plaintiff was a young Hackney woman, Miss Millic Orpen, who is claiming £25,000 against the defendants, the Haymarket Capitol and four directors.

On the King's Bench Judge Rowlatt held the claim against the cinema had been proved, but dismissed the cases against the directors.]

## HEAVY SENTENCES FOR U.S. MARINES.

SEQUEL TO SHANGHAI  
FRACAS.

SHANGHAI, July 21.

Corporal Williams and Private Arthur Daniels, of the U.S. Marine Corps, have been, respectively, sentenced to 30 and 24 months' hard labour in connection with the stabbing affray in the Western District of Shanghai on May 28. The sentences will be served in the Cavite in the Philippines, after which they will be dishonourably discharged from the U.S. Marine Corps and lose their American citizenship.

## AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT IN PALESTINE.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT TO  
GUARANTEE LOAN.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 21.

Doctor Drummond Shiels, the Colonial Under-Secretary, announced in the House of Commons that a dispatch has been sent to the High Commissioner for Palestine outlining steps to be taken to give effect to the Government's policy regarding agricultural development and land settlement in that country.

The dispatch says the funds required are to be found by a loan, which the Government will ask Parliament to guarantee. The Government will appoint a Director of Development and the nucleus of a staff at an early date. The Jewish Agency and Arab Executive will be invited to nominate one member each to assist in an advisory capacity. The Director will prepare a register of Arabs displaced in consequence of land they occupied falling into Jewish hands.



**Building-up  
Energy and  
Robust Health**

Bright, happy children, brimming over with health and vitality—the care and attention a Mother has lavished upon her children can have no higher reward.

Are you receiving that reward, Mother? There is one simple and inexpensive way of making sure that your children will enjoy that glorious health which means so much to them—and to you.

That way is the "Ovaltine" way. Give them the rich and abundant nourishment this delicious beverage contains. All the vital nutritive elements of rich creamy milk, new-laid eggs and choice barley malt are concentrated in "Ovaltine". There are proteins for building up body tissue—carbohydrates for creating energy—mineral salts for enriching the blood—those essential vitamins, also for ensuring correct nutrition.

This delicious beverage is daily building up sturdy children whose health is reflected in their happy smile. Give your children the benefit of its rich nourishment. Let them enjoy the health to which they are entitled.

**OVALTINE**  
TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE  
**Builds-up Brain, Nerve and Body**

[A.P. 2.]



# Sports News



## HOME RACING

Notes and News

By  
OUR HOME RACING CORRESPONDENT.

### THE ST. LEGER.

It seems probable that Cameronian will not run again until the St. Leger, for naturally both his owner and trainer will be out to do their utmost to win the triple crown, and I think most of us would like success to attend the efforts of a really good animal.

However, as is always the case with an outstanding performer, most of us are on the look out for another to beat him. The only real doubt is in the ability of Cameronian to stay a distance of over a mile and three quarters, for I think he has really proved himself to the best three-year-old at anything up to a mile and a half.

Last week I ventured to mention that Sandwich, as the result of a rough passage in the Derby, might have taken a good deal out of himself, and the latest betting quotations disclose the fact that he has slipped away from 9/2 to 7/1, while Orpen has advanced to 5/1.

Sandwich won at Ascot but not too convincingly, this being over a distance of 1 1/2 miles in the King Edward Stakes when he beat Khorshed by 1 1/2 lengths. Khorshed, by Solario—Mont d'Or, like Pomme d'Api, is owned by the Aga Khan and apparently has come into the picture, as a St. Leger possible. It might be as well to mention that his sire won this race in 1925, and Pomme d'Api is by Zionist, who was second in the Derby in the same year. While the form of the latter has been fully disclosed, we know little about Khorshed, who ran twice only as a two-year-old, and in the Middle Park Stakes, his first outing, was fourth to Portlaw, Goyecass and Homer. This year he ran neither in the Guineas nor the Derby.

Possibly, following a somewhat usual plan of campaign, both horses may run in the Leger, and if they do so one or other is almost sure to go pretty close. What I like about Pomme d'Api is that he is a really hardy horse, and undoubtedly a stayer; in his last race at Ascot—and this over two miles—he won by 4 lengths and finished fresh as paint.

It seems hardly likely that we shall have to look beyond Cameronian, Orpen, Sandwich, Jacopo, Pomme d'Api or Sir Andrew for the winner, or as far as that goes for the placed horses. Jacopo must not be lost sight of; he has not been run since the Derby in which he raced well, this being his second outing this year, and it looks very much as if he is being saved for the Leger, in which, if really fit, he will be a force to reckon with.

I feel a bit uncertain about Sandwich, but Orpen and Pomme d'Api do seem to be sound propositions, with a weather eye well open as to the stable's intention with the latter and Khorshed.

The latest betting quotation was: 9/4, Cameronian. 5/1, Orpen. 7/1, Sandwich. 8/1, Jacopo. 11/1, Pomme d'Api. 14/1, Sir Andrew.

Goyecass is quoted at 10/1, Gallini (lame after the Irish Derby) 10/1, Link Boy and Rose on Soleil 10/1, Concerto 20/1.

### GOODWOOD.

Next week is Goodwood; the Stewards' Cup will be run on July 28 and the Goodwood Stakes on the following day. Entries for the former are as follows, but so far the weights are not to hand.

Tuesday, July 28:

Stewards' Cup, handicap sweepstakes of 15 sovs. each, 5 ft. 10 in. declared by July 21, with 1,000 sovs. added; winner after July 16 at noon of

added (including a cup); for three-year-olds and upwards; second to receive 100 sovs. and third 50 sovs.; winner after July 16 at noon of a weight-for-age race 500 sovs. or of any handicap 7 lb., of a handicap value 500 sovs. 10 lb. extra.—Six fur. (34 subs.) (Closed June 23.) To You 5ys. (Mr. J. Shepherd) 1.

De Mestre Knight Error 4ys. (Capt. S. Wilson) Whitaker Zanolli 3ys. (Mr. Michalinos) Molony Osculator 4ys. (Mr. Berry) Fk. Butters Xandover 4ys. (Mr. Schwab) B. Jarvis Lemnarchus 3ys. (Lord Ellesmere) F. Darling Pachalik 6ys. (Mr. J. Phillips) C. Leader

Goodwood Park 4ys. (Lord Woolavington) Gilpin The Leopard 3ys. (Sir C. Hyde) Scobie Junius 4ys. (Mr. Nuttall) Maenee Heritage 5ys. (Sir V. Sassoon) C. Waugh

Grindleton 3ys. (Mr. J. Sharples) Cundell Gay Lord 5ys. (M. Wittouck) Braime Gareloch 3ys. (Capt. Lockett) J. Jarvis Poor Lad 4ys. (Sir H. C. Owen) O. Bell

Sherab 3ys. (Prince Aly Khan) Beary Diolite 4ys. (Sir H. Hirst) Templeman Polar Bear 4ys. (Mr. Cottrill) Cottrill Turtle Soup 3ys. (Aga Khan) R. Dawson

Heronslea 4ys. (Mr. W. R. Smith) Peacock Elixir 3ys. (Lady C. Owen) F. Leach Cedarwood 4ys. (Mr. D. Pender) Gilpin

Tag End 7ys. (Sir A. Bailey) C. Peck Fleeting Memory 5ys. (Mr. F. Johnson) Earl Polyphonta 4ys. (Lady Henderson) Sneyd

Rialto Bridge 6ys. (Sir E. Wills) Nugent Fingle Bridge 6ys. (Mr. Halse) W. Nightingall Rara 5ys. (Mr. Howeson) W. Nightingall

Majority Calling 3ys. (Sir P. Newson) W. Nightingall Caballero 6ys. (Mr. T. Walls) Walls Royal Sailor 3ys. (Mr. T. Walls) Walls

Unlikely 3ys. (Baron de Tuijll) F. Hartigan Royal Rufus 3ys. (Mrs. Mackintosh) F. Hartigan

Queen of the Nore 4ys. (Maj. McCalmont) Persse Betting quotations on June 27 were:—

8/1 Xandover. 10/1 Fleeting Memory. 12/1 Heronslea, Lemnarchus and Tag End. 14/1 Polar Bear.

This distance should just suit Xandover, the winner of the French Two Thousand Guineas, and from all accounts he is in great form; nevertheless he still has to register a win in England. Fleeting Memory is uncertain, being bad at the gate; while Lemnarchus is a splendid sprinter. At 12/1, however, I think Heronslea an excellent both ways investment; he beat Xandover over the same distance at Ascot after being outpaced by the latter in the early stages.

The entries for the Goodwood Stakes are as follows:—

Wednesday, July 29.

Goodwood Stakes (handicap) of 20 sovs. each, 10 sovs. ft. or 5 sovs. if dec. by July 21, with 1,000 sovs. added; winner after July 16 at noon of

a race value 500 sovs. or of a handicap of any value 7 lb. of any race value 1,000 sovs. or of any two handicaps or of the Summer Handicap at Newmarket 14 lb. extra; second to receive 150 sovs. and third 75 sovs.—About two miles and three furlongs (38 subs.) (Closed June 9.)

Beau Pere 4ys. (His Majesty) W. Jarvis Cook's Mill 4ys. (His Majesty) W. Jarvis

Strophon II. 6ys. (Mr. Titterton) Lawson Gladius 4ys. (Mr. G. Deane) Lawson

Stockcross 5ys. (Mr. H. Sutton) Gooch Cacao 6ys. (Mr. R. Clark) Molony

Wedding Favour 4ys. (Lt. H. de Walden) D. Waugh Kudos 5ys. (Capt. Montagu) F. Hartigan

Mistress 4ys. (Mr. J. de Rothschild) Pratt Joyous Greeting 7ys. (Maj. Lyons) Sneyd

Forum II. 4ys. (Mr. J. Murphy) Sneyd Earn Hill 4ys. (Major Sneyd) Sneyd

Castlederg 5ys. (Mrs. Whitelaw) Whitelaw Blue Vision 4ys. (M. Evans) I. Anthony

Yarn II. 4ys. (Mr. A. Bestwick) I. Anthony Advancer 4ys. (Mr. F. Wilmot) Gwilt

Stolen Flame 6ys. (Sir W. Chilcott) H. Leader Grandflight 8ys. (Mrs. Fane) Moleyns

Insurance 4ys. (Mr. P. Carr) Taber Timber 4ys. (Mr. Kayton) F. S. Butters

Saint Reynard 3 (Mrs. Bendir) M. Hartigan Ocean Wave 4 (Mr. R. J. Colling) R. J. Colling

Roi Des Aulnes 6ys. (Mr. T. Davidson) R. Day Gigolo 6ys. (Capt. Fielden) O. Bell

Medarlin 6ys. (Sir C. Hyde) Sneeie Son of Mint 4ys. (Mr. J. Brown) D. Pennant

Noble Star 4ys. (Mr. F. Cundell) Cundell Night Rider 5ys. (Mrs. D.A. Baker) Cundell

Arctic Star 7ys. (Lady Curzon) W. Nightingall Jugo 7ys. (Mr. T. Richards) W. Nightingall

West Wicklow 7ys. (Lord Derby) Lambton Knight of Lorn 4ys. (Lord Derby) Lambton

Salmon Leap 4ys. (Mrs. A. James) Lambton Knight of Knockeevan 5ys. (Mr. A. R. McAlpine) Poole

Summer Princess 5 (Mr. Gulliver) Barclay Happison 4ys. (Mrs. G. Peacock) Rennison

Nil 5ys. (M. Dubosq) Franco Monsieur Le Marechal 5ys. (M. de Mola) Franco

Delate 4ys. (M. de Mola) Allden Betting quotations on June 27 were as follows:—

8/1 Salmon Leap. 10/1 Blue Vision. 12/1 Insurance, Noble Star, and Yarn II.

14/1 Knight of Knockeevan, and West Wicklow. 10/1 Arctic Star, Earn Hill, St. Reynard, and Stockcross.

It is hard to say much without the weights. Noble Star won the Ascot Stakes over 2 miles, with Blue Vision second, and the latter went on to win the Northumberland Plate over the same distance. Salmon Leap, a greatly improved animal, was third to Trimdon and Singapore in the Ascot Gold Cup over 2 1/2 miles, which no doubt accounts for the above price, whilst Insurance is one worth following.

One to spring a surprise may be West Wicklow, since passing into the hands of Lord Derby he has never won a race, but it seems possible that he is being saved for this race, and he has been going well in training recently.

### F. DARLING GOES FURTHER AHEAD.

THREE SUCCESSORS FOR BECK-HAMPTON AS AGAINST TWO FOR MANTON.

Lord Astor, who became a serious challenger to Lord Ellesmere for second place in the winning owners' list as the result of Sunny Devon's Ascot win, has now moved up to that position, following his two wins at Newcastle with Oxtail and Bach.

Mr. J. A. Dewar, who also notched two races with Culloden and Brother-in-Law, has, however, won nearly £20,000 more in stake money than the Manton owner.

Owners.

No. of No. of Amount horses. races. £

Mr. J. A. Dewar 6 8 32,300 Lord Astor 5 5 12,846

Lord Ellesmere 3 4 11,451 Lt. Col. C. W. Birkin 1 1 9,067

H.H. Aga Khan 6 9 8,000 Lord Woolavington 6 8 7,892

Lord Glanely 8 9 6,593 Mr. W. M. G. Singer 7 8 6,421

Mr. W. Woodward 2 3 6,215 Brig. Gen. C. Lambton 1 2 6,725

Mr. Anthony de Rothschild 7 10 6,303 Lord Rosebery 2 3 4,614

Brooders.

Races Value. Winners won. £

Late Lord Dewar 6 11 34,257 Franco 27 32 18,573

Lord Astor 5 5 12,846 Mr. J. P. Arkwright 1 1 8,854

H.H. Aga Khan 5 7 7,979 America 7 9 7,727

National Stud 8 11 6,168 Mr. J. J. Maher 6 5 6,841

Late Lord Durham 3 7 6,416 Lord Glanely 8 8 5,924

Mr. A. de Rothschild 7 9 4,757 Exors of Mr. J. W. Corrigan 1 2 4,210

Trainers.

No. of Races Amount horses won. £

Darling, F. 15 20 32,477 Lawson, J. 14 25 26,433

Hartigan, F. 23 38 12,604 Jarvis, J. L. 15 23 12,299

Boyd-Rochford, Capt. C. 6 7 9,207 Persse, H. S. 9 11 9,141

In France 1 1 9,067 Peacock, M. D. 21 33 8,467

Dawson, R. C. 6 9 8,325 Hogg, Capt. T. 6 9 6,503

Anthony, Ivor 3 5 6,820 Colling, R. J. 19 23 5,602

Jockeys.

1st 2nd 3rd Unpl. Tot. P. c.

Richards, G. 57 40 38 209 342 16.66 Wragg, H. 43 30 32 160 271 15.90

Fox, F. 30 23 23 220 318 11.32 Nevett, W. 35 24 22 92 173 20.23

Beasley, P. 24 30 14 106 164 16.47 Beary, M. 30 23 17 255 11.76

Dick, R. 28 19 24 128 190 14.07 Perryman, R. 27 23 23 126 210 12.85

Childs, J. 23 11 14 110 160 18.69 Caralake, B. 24 19 13 102 183 14.72

Richards, C. 24 23 13 223 283 8.48 Sires.

Races Amount Horses won. £

Pharos (1920), by Phalaris—Scapa Flow 6 8 33,329

Solario (1922), by Gainsborough—Sun Worship 5 7 15,059

Son-in-Law (1911), by Dark Ronald—Mother-in-Law 10 13 14,378

Tetrarch (1917), by The Tetrarch—Scotch Gift 12 11 13,891

Bruleur (1910), by Choubraki—Basse Terre 3 4 10,251

Abbot's Anne 10 13 10,020

### Grand Parade (1916), by Orby—Grand Coral-dine 11 12 7,703

Sansovine (1921), by Swynford—Gondollette 4 8 7,557

Gainsborough (1915), by Bayardo—Roadrop 9 10 7,334

Buchan (1916), by Sunstar—Hamoaze 5 6 6,932

Hurstwood (1921), by Guy Crusader—Blensdale 6 11 6,345

Sir Galahad III. (1920), by Teddy—Plucky Liege 2 3 6,215

Horses.

Races Amount won. £

Cameronian (3 yrs.), b c by Pharos—Una Cameron 3 20 484

Brulette (3 yrs.), b f by Bruleur—Sea-weed 1 9,061

Four Course (3 yrs.), b f by Tetrarch—Dinner 1 8,554

Sunny Devon (3 yrs.), b f by Solario—Plymstock 1 7,600

Trimdon (5 yrs.), b h by Son-in-Law—Trimestral 2 5,735

Sir Andrew (3 yrs.), b c by Sir Galahad III.—Gravitate 2 5,375

Sandwich (3 yrs.), b c by Sansovine—Waffles 2 4,890

Orpen (3 yrs.), b c by Solario—Harpy 2 4,310

Brown Jack (7 yrs.), b g by Jackdaw—Querquidella 2 4,180

Diamond (2 yrs.), b f by Diomedes—Zarate 1 3,660

Truculent (3 yrs.), b c by Teddy—Saucy Sue 1 3,375

Spencer (2 yrs.), b c by Hurstwood—Bridal Dawn 3 3,481

Pirates Take Two Games.

Out at Forbes Field in Smoke-town the Pittsburgh Pirates got back into their stride when they won both games of a twin bill from the Philadelphia Phillies by scores of 9 to 4 and 4 to 3.

There was another pitcher's duel of Cincinnati where the Boston Braves nosed out the Reds by a score of 3 to 2 and in Chicago the Cubs won from the New York Giants by a score of 8 to 4.

Following are the scores:—

(Continued on next Column.)

### U.S. BASEBALL.

ATHLETICS LOSE AND CARDS WIN.

TWO GAMES WON BY PIRATES.

New York, July 14.—Hammering out two home runs to-day, Lou Gehrig of the New York Yankees brought his total of circuit clouts for the season, to 25 as at the Yankee Stadium here in New York the Yankees divided the honours in a double-header with the Cleveland Indians.

In the opener the Yankees went on a rampage to win by a score of 19 to 2 but the Indians rallied to take the nightcap by a score of 5 to 1.

Gehrig, who now leads all of the players in both of the major leagues in the race for 1931 home run honours cracked out his 24th and 25th home runs in the first game to-day.

Down at Shibe Park in Philadelphia the Athletics, leaders in the American League pennant race, suffered a defeat at the hands of the Detroit Tigers by a score of 12 to 3. In St. Louis the Cardinals, who set the pace in the senior loop's pennant race, barely managed to nose out the Brooklyn Dodgers by a score of 3 to 2 at the end of an interesting pitchers' duel. Playing in Boston the St. Louis Browns won by a score of 5 to 3 from the Red Sox and at the Griffith Stadium in Washington the Chicago White Sox punished the Senators by a score of 9 to 1.

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Following are the scores:—

(Continued on next Column.)

### SOUTH CHINA FOOTBALL TOURISTS.

DRAW WITH COMBINED SERVICES IN SINGAPORE.

Dame Fortune did not smile at the South China Team when they played against the Combined Services in Singapore on the 10th inst.

Their star forward Lee Wai Tong was forced to be an absentee, still nursing his injuries received in Java, whilst their clever centre forward, Fung King Cheung, was injured in the first half, after obtaining two brilliant goals, and had to remain a bystander throughout the rest of the game.

The final score was 3 goals all, the other goal for the tourists was obtained by Ip Pak Wa.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

First Game.

Cleveland 2 7 2 New York 19 19 2

Second Game.

Cleveland 5 9 1 New York 1 8 1

St. Louis 5 11 3 Boston 3 11 1

Detroit 12 16 1 Philadelphia 3 12 1

Chicago 9 11 1 Washington 1 5 0

NATIONAL LEAGUE



## LEAGUE TENNIS.

## INDIANS LOSE TO RECREIO.

On the Club de Recreio courts yesterday, the home team beat Indian Recreation Club by 8 sets to 1 in the "C" Division.

The scores were:—

A. V. Remedios and E. A. Noronha (Recreio):—	
beat O. Hoosen and S. A. R. R. Bux	6-2
beat A. K. Sufiad and A. M. Rumjahn	6-1
beat M. P. Madar and A. R. H. Esmail	6-1
A. A. Remedios and H. A. Noronha (Recreio):—	
beat O. Hoosen and S. A. R. R. Bux	6-4
beat A. K. Sufiad and A. M. Rumjahn	6-2
beat M. P. Madar and A. R. H. Esmail	6-3
L. H. de Rocha and G. A. Noronha (Recreio):—	
beat O. Hoosen and S. A. R. R. Bux	6-3
lost to A. K. Sufiad and A. M. Rumjahn	3-6
beat M. P. Madar and A. R. H. Esmail	6-1

## MONDAY'S MATCHES.

## WINS FOR UNIVERSITY AND CRAIGENGOWER.

At Pokfulam on Monday, the University beat South China Athletic Association in the "B" Division by nine sets to nil.

The scores were:—

D. J. N. Anderson and Y. F. Chew (H.K.U.):—	
beat Chan So and C. C. Luk 6-3	
beat S. K. Ng and H. K. Ho 6-0	
beat N. C. Yung and C. Y. Tiao	
Y. K. Ng and G. T. Yeoh (H.K.U.):—	
beat Chan So and C. C. Luk 6-3	
beat S. K. Ng and H. K. Ho 6-0	
beat N. C. Yung and C. Y. Tiao	
E. Y. Khoo and T. K. Lien (H.K.U.):—	
beat Chan So and C. C. Luk 6-0	
beat S. K. Ng and H. K. Ho 6-0	
beat N. C. Yung and C. Y. Tiao	

Play at home, Craigengower beat Club de Recreio by 7 sets to 2.

The scores were:—

J. W. Leonard and G. Lia (C.C.C.):—	
beat F. J. Remedios and J. Gonzales	6-4
beat C. A. Barretto and A. Silva	6-3
beat H. Barros and V. Yvanovich	6-3
E. Zimmermann and F. Zimmermann (C.C.C.):—	
beat F. J. Remedios and J. Gonzales	6-4
beat C. A. Barretto and A. Silva	6-0
beat H. Barros and V. Yvanovich	6-3
W. J. Howard and Y. Hachiuma (C.C.C.):—	
beat F. J. Remedios and J. Gonzales	6-1
beat C. A. Barretto and A. Silva	6-6
lost to H. Barros and V. Yvanovich	4-6

## HOME CRICKET.

## WINS FOR KENT AND GLAMORGAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

Two of the week-end cricket matches at home were brought to a decisive conclusion after two days' play. Kent scored an easy win over Middlesex while Glamorgan beat Worcester by seven wickets.

The former game took place at Maidstone. Going in first Kent scored 283 runs, Durston getting 60 wickets for 88 runs. Middlesex replied with 100 (Marriott 4 for 44 and Freeman 5 for 55).

Forced to follow-on, Middlesex were all dismissed for 83 in their second knock, Freeman 6 for 47, again being prominent for some good work with the ball.

In the other game (at Pontypool), Glamorgan beat Worcester by seven wickets. Worcester batted first but were all out after they reached the hundred mark, Ryan getting 7 wickets for 52 runs. Glamorgan replied with 140 and in their second effort, Worcester were all skittled out for 88 runs, Ryan 4 for 47 and Clyn 5 for 31 sharing the bowling honours. Glamorgan knocked off the required runs for the loss of only three wickets.

## NEW ZEALANDERS AND DURHAM DRAW.

Durham drew with the New Zealanders at Sunderland.

Scores:—

Durham: 145 (C. F. W. Alcott 7 for 50).

New Zealand: 216 for 6 (L. D. Cromb 105).

## BOOKS and READERS



## ANCIENT ART AND MODERN WAR.

## ANCIENT ART: A CHALLENGE TO THE ARCHEOLOGISTS.

Pyramid and Temple. By Julius Meier-Graefe. Translated from the German by Roger Hinks. Illustrated. Jonathan Cape. 18s. net.

This is a diary of travel in Egypt, in Palestine, in Greece, by one who is both philosopher and artist, and also (Heaven be thanked for it!) a good-natured humorist. He notes the absurdities of his fellow-travellers, but suffers them gladly as a rule—at any rate, never sadly. He rejoices over the priceless gift of warmth in Egypt; laughing at Dürer's praise of the tolerable pretence of it he felt in Venice. The sun's free gift of himself, all that he is—what a blissful boon! The trouble is that he does not warm the "European" traveller through and through—"because we are restless and slightly, incapable of fundamentally unequal to letting the rays penetrate us and melt that last fragment of northern ice, that relic of chilly Europeanism, that allows us only to warm our skins." That is perhaps the chief reason why the European may be in, but never quite of, the East, Near or Middle or Far. Herr Meier-Graefe's travelling companion, Babuschka, being a woman, nearly achieves the metamorphosis. His travel-pictures are excellent, but the reader will be more deeply interested in his art criticisms, which are fresh, original, and sometimes a little audacious—iconoclastic, some people will say. Quite rightly, he blames the archeologists for presenting the civilisations of the past in museum terms rather than in terms of living art. He revises the orthodox valuation of Greek art and shows to his own satisfaction, at any rate, that it was greater in literature than in sculpture and architecture, in which it was surpassed by the Egyptians.

## A Temple Apart.

So we find him not altogether satisfied, as an artist, by the Acropolis at Athens. "The verticals and horizontals of the Marble Colonnade," he says, "obey no law but their own, and withdraw from the earth. You come to the conclusion that another ruin would suit the hill better; one of less classic contour, with more flexible forms and particularly one with differences of height arranged stepwise—a mediæval building, for example, like a Crusader's castle in Palestine with its arches and jagged outlines and intricate plan. Even houses and hovels of to-day might very likely get into it and increase the disorder, and yet in spite of the loss of unity, the whole might suit the landscape better than this magnificence of these columns." Perhaps that was why the ancient Athenians did not worship Athens in her greatest fame. Yet he repents of this criticism, for a moment at any rate, in his second thoughts: "If you think away the sea of houses—what an effort that is!—and think away the hill and recapture the Acropolis as it was before you arrived on the scene, who could fail to see its proportion, its incomparable dignity!"

"The temple of Neptune at Paestum, in the broad plain by the sea, seems to him more effective than the Parthenon, and Segesta, on its gently rising hill, which leans up against the mountain in the background, looks to him more secure. And he thought occurs to him, as it has occurred to one or two others, that the use of marble, instead of the stone of the Sicilian temples, may emphasise constructional limitations—not only the art itself, but the artistic effect as well."

## New Views.

Such criticisms will cause a few furiously to think, but the majority to think furiously. Yet it is as well an artist should challenge the obsessions set about by the archæ-

logists in the nearer and further past.

For example, we ought to remember that the Tutanekhamun finds, so loudly and lavishly praised, really represent a comparatively degenerate age of Egyptian artistry. Anyhow, it is difficult to deny the truth of this critic's contention that there is more of the authentic Greeks in Greek poetry—especially in the Odyssey, which is a sea-water epic, and the Iliad, in which fire is the life of the poem, than in all the Greek temples and statues. The best Egyptian architecture and sculpture, which are much more distinctly emanations of Egypt and Egyptian life, must be preferred as being more in harmony with an eternal environment.

This is a book to read again and yet again, and to ponder over profoundly. It will help one to answer the all-important question—what can we learn artistically from our newly-discovered knowledge of the arts of the ancient Near East? Take as the text of a meditation the saying of a cultured visitor that London is growing every day "more like Nineveh and Babylon," which does suggest an explanation of Epstein's vogue.

## A WELLSIAN FANTASY OF DESTRUCTION.

The Gas War of 1910. By "Miles." Eric Partridge. 7s. 6d. net.

This forecast of the next war inevitably challenges comparison with Mr. Wells' "The Autocracy of Mr. Parham," and is in many ways complementary to it. Mr. Wells emphasised mainly the futility, and, in the long run, the impossibility, of future warfare. The present author is primarily concerned with its horror and destructiveness. Whether gases of the concentrated deadliness envisaged by "Miles" are a probable development must be a matter of opinion. That they are scientific, if possible there can be no doubt; and certainly no more terrifying description has been given of the end towards which the glory and chivalry of old-time warfare are rapidly advancing.

Two ideas stand out as of more than descriptive importance. One concerns the relative war-time and peace-time strengths of the nations; and with some show of reason—that the coming cheapness of giant and super-rapid aircraft will place the weakest and poorest nations on a par, for purposes of sudden destruction, with the strongest; and since, under the conditions postulated, no war could possibly last for more than a few weeks, the power of the purse would be completely neutralised.

## Peril in Sport.

The second idea is that international sports meetings of all kinds will carry with them an ever-increasing danger of configuration as transport becomes quicker and cheaper. It is fairly generally known that the desirability of continuing the Olympic Games has from time to time been questioned by prominent athletes on the ground that they do more to foster international rivalries than international fellowship.

"Miles" takes an extreme view, but renders it the more plausible by making his meeting merely an incidental riot and in no sense a direct cause of the "gas war."

The chapters dealing with preliminary events include a wealth of skilful satire and light-hearted comment—and forecast the issue of new full-length novels at 2s. 6d. The discussion of the post-war world is less successful. But in making no attempt to provide a workable solution of world government—even after such a further catastrophe—it must be at least admitted that the author has taken the more convincing of the two courses open

to him. He has also secured himself against the charge of being propagandist.

## NEW NOVELS.

MORLEY ROBERTS' MURDER STORY.

THE SCENT OF DEATH. By Morley Roberts. Nash and Grayson. 7s. 6d. net.

Strictly speaking the chief actor in this original story of crime is really Hector, the dog of somewhat doubtful lineage but undoubted "yacity and character." Mr. Morley Roberts has suddenly branched into a new "genre" for him, that of detective fiction, and this really interesting story makes us hope that he may at some later date repeat the experiment with equally happy results. It is unfair to give away the plot of a novel of this kind: this one hinges on the murder of Sir Geoffrey Thurland, who is found shot one evening; and his dog Hector at the same time has been half killed by a blow on the head. The story is largely told through the gossip of the villagers of Trenton Regis, and their feuds are drawn with a pen that has been dipped in an ironical charity a little reminiscent of Mr. T. F. Powys. A really good yarn.

## KING COPHETUA UP-TO-DATE.

THE DISPOSITIONS OF DIANA. By Joan Kennedy. Long. 7s. 6d. net.

One sometimes wonders whether these books, in which the millionaire-Prince Charming marries the little seamstress, are not unintentionally cruel to the romance latent in the breasts of such hard workers in real life. But presumably the genuine article is less ingenuous and more hardheaded even on a diet of romance and films than the heroine of Miss Kennedy's somewhat artless story. In this not all the machinations of the evilly-disposed beauty, who jilted the millionaire and sent his ring back to him by the girl who was making underwear, can thwart the course of true love. It is all very, very sentimental and a "sweet story."

## PARIS THE SOUTHERN ISLANDS.

THE BUTTERFLY WITH BIG FEET. By Neville Smith. Hartley. 7s. 6d. net.

When Joyce Tucker got mixed up with a doubtful set in the art world of Paris her father packed her off to Australia for the round trip. But this was not before she had had an unpleasant "recontre" with a slightly tipsy English sailor on the Cannebière, on her way with an artistic gigolo by Hyères. Her acquaintance with the sailor did not end there; and fate had a good many adventures for her before they decided to share "brass rage."

The story is unaffected, and redeemed from its inherent ordinariness by some vivid descriptions of life on board, and in the Southern Islands, which the writer appears to know well. A readable yarn in its development of the butterfly, Joyce's character in difficulties, though the story is overstocked with padding.

## SAPPERESQUE THRILLS.

THE ISLAND OF TERROR. By "Sapper." Hodder and Stoughton. 7s. 6d. net.

A torn map of an island off the coast of South America; buried treasure; a pretty girl; her twin brother found murdered on his return from the said Continent a gang of Dago desperadoes, with Jim Maitland up against them in the search for the treasure; and an island full of nameless half-men. Here you have the material for a "Sapper" yarn which, if improbable in its impossibility, is at least sufficiently exciting to carry the reader along with it; to cheat him into forgetfulness of his sober sense and the stuff of hard facts. And what more can you want on holiday in a heat wave? "Sapper" has us all gauged to a nicety in the matter of thrills, and there is no lack!

## THE "CANNING JEWEL."

TO BE SOLD BY LORD HAREWOOD.

MEDICI PRESENT TO MOGUL EMPEROR.

The Earl of Harewood has decided to part with the famous "Canning Jewel," a superb example of the art of the Italian Renaissance, confidently attributed to Benvenuto Cellini.

This beautiful pendant is to be offered for public sale at Sotheby's and the opportunity will be taken at the same time to submit another Renaissance gem—the enamelled pendant belonging to the Countess of Lathom.

The "Canning Jewel" was inherited, with other art treasures, by the Earl of Harewood from his great-uncle, the second Marquis of Clanricarde, in 1917, having been bought by the first Marquis in the sale of Earl Canning's collection in 1863.

When Delhi was captured in the Indian Mutiny, the jewel was found in the Treasury of the King of Oudh, and Earl Canning acquired it. According to tradition the jewel was originally a gift from a prince of the house of Medici to one of the Mogul Emperors.

## Cinquecento Gem.

Admirers of the uncanny skill of Renaissance craftsmen have always marvelled at the dazzling brilliance of the "Canning Jewel," formed as a triton (whose body is composed of a huge baroque pearl) wearing a scimitar in one hand and holding a gorgon mask shield in the other. His face is of turquoise-blue enamel, and in his open mouth is a ruby. His massive pearl body is encircled by green-enamelled snakes, and three large pendant pearls complete a fascinating design, in which gold, rubies, pearls and diamonds commingle.

The influence of Cellini over the craftsmen of his time is well known, and he doubtless gave the impetus to a school of gifted followers (especially in Germany), who showed wonderful skill in fashioning ornaments of intricate splendour. Although there is no record of Cellini's direct association with this jewel, the persistence of the tradition that it was sent from Florence as a worthy offering to a Mogul Emperor draws attention to the fact that it was Cosimo de Medici who conferred a patent of nobility upon Cellini, although the ungrateful genius does not mention the matter in his lurid memoirs.

## The Master and His School.

Yet in these same memoirs Cellini now and again does justice to some of his assistants, especially in the instance of one Pagolo, who was helping him to ornament a basin "while I took up the jug again"; adding graciously: "All who saw the basin were astonished by the vigour and fancy of the design and by the precision of the young man's work."

Whether by Cellini himself, by some devoted Italian apprentice, or by some cunning Augsburg imitator of the Cellini mode, this "Canning Jewel" will be judged on its merits as a superb work of art of the great days of the Cinquecento. Some authorities declare it to be even finer than the Cellini pendant at Windsor Castle.

As for the Countess of Lathom's pendant jewel, composed of a female warrior in armour of various coloured enamels, with gold suspension chains adorned with jewelled and enamelled plaques, and four fine hanging pearls, this is known to be of German Renaissance craftsmanship, and has been always recognised as a triumph of technique.

## DEATH OF A FAMOUS KING'S COUNSEL.

SIR HENRY MADDOCKS, THE UNSELFISH ADVOCATE.

Sir Henry Maddocks, K.C., has died in a nursing home in Northwood (Middlesex). He had been ill for some weeks.

Sir Henry, who was born in Shropshire in 1871, had been Recorder of Birmingham since 1925. A year previously he had been made Recorder of Stamford.

It was as a solicitor that he began his legal career, qualifying in 1893. After winning a large practice in the courts of the Midlands, he was called to the Bar in 1903, taking first-class honours in his Bar final and being placed first in the examination on criminal law.

In 1920 he became a King's Counsel, since when he practised extensively in the London courts.

## Plot Discovered.

Among the important cases in which he was briefed were those of Violet Charlesworth, and the famous war-time trial of Mrs. Wheeldon and members of her family, three of whom were sentenced for having plotted to murder Mr. Lloyd George.

Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, her daughter, Winnie Mason, and her son-in-law, Alfred George Mason, a chemist, were discovered by the Intelligence Department to have secured a rare poison called curare.

This poison was so deadly that if it touched an open wound it would cause instant death.

An agent of the Intelligence Department discovered, by posing as an ardent Communist, that the Wheelons had planned to kill Mr. Lloyd George by firing a dart dipped in this poison from an air-gun while he was addressing a meeting on Walton Heath.

The trio were immediately arrested, and were sentenced to long terms of penal servitude.

Sir Henry defended Mrs. Kate Meyrick in 1924, when she appeared at the Old Bailey with ex-Police sergeant George Goddard and Luigi Ribuffi.

## 20 Days' Work Without Pay.

Four years ago a tribute from the Bench was paid to Sir Henry for giving twenty days of his time to a "poor person's" action in which he received no fees, his client being a poor widow.

An advocate of a reform in our legal procedure, he on one occasion expressed the view that antiquated methods were preventing the fullest use being made of judges and courts.

"I would welcome an inquiry into the Bar," he said. "Too big a proportion of briefs are in the hands of too small a proportion of lawyers."

"Speed up the law, and you will cheapen it."

He was Unionist member for the Nunanton Division of Warwickshire from 1918 to 1923 and a member of the Imperial War Graves Commission.

Sir Henry married, in 1896, Miss Elsie Mary Aslow, of Coventry.

## Tributes.

Sir Henry Curtis Bennett, K.C., said: "I am most terribly sorry. The death of Sir Henry Maddocks is a very great loss to the Bar and to the legal profession generally. No one was held in higher esteem."

Sir Percival Clarke said: "He was regarded by us all with great respect and affection, and he was one of the most courageous and persistent advocates at the Bar. He was always courteous to his opponents, and always fair in his dealings in the cases of which he appeared. Neglectful of his self-interests, he fought strenuously for his clients, and he was a most persuasive advocate."

## CLANS WELCOME TO PRINCE OF WALES.

WINNING HIGHLAND HEARTS.

PICTURESQUE SCENE AT INVERNESS.

Inverness gave a rousing Highland welcome to the Prince of Wales when he visited the town to attend the annual conference of the British Legion in Scotland, and received the freedom of the burgh.

Thousands flocked into the streets from the surrounding Highland districts, business in shops and offices was suspended, and the day was one of public rejoicing.

Enthusiasm greeted a reference made by his Royal Highness on receiving the freedom of Inverness to the Highland spirit which he had found in all parts of his Empire travels—"a spirit which was standing by them now in the bad times they were sharing with all other parts of the country."

## "100,000 Welcomes."

The warmth of his reception was well expressed by the Gaelic greeting displayed in the towns gaily decorated streets, which signified "A Hundred Thousand Welcomes."

The gathering of the chiefs included the Mackintosh of Mackintosh, in the resplendent uniform of Lord-Lieutenant of Inverness, Macleod of Macleod, and Lord Lovat, the Prince's host at Beaufort Castle, where the Prince landed in his plane from Edinburgh.

A guard of honour of the Seaforth, of which the Prince is Colonel-in-Chief, was mounted at the Playhouse, where he received the Freedom of Inverness. His speech, with the aid of amplifiers, was also heard by dense masses of people outside.

## Highland Hearts.

Following the rousing cheers which greeted him, the Prince was welcomed by Provost MacEwan, who said nearly 200 years ago another Prince came among them and won not a throne, but the empire of Highland hearts. The heath and imaginations of Scotland were as much stirred that day by the voyages of a Prince who had sped by sea and land and air to further the cause of British trade and industry as they were moved two centuries ago by the heroism of a forlorn hope.

The Prince, on signing the burgess roll, said that he had found Highlanders in every part of the world he had visited. There was always that Highland spirit which had helped many to make good, and which had stood by them in times of adversity, just as it was standing by them now in the bad times they were sharing with all other parts of our country.

Referring to the Legion Book Fund, he said:

"I hope by Jan. 1 next it will be in a position to give some relief to those men who, unfortunately, through not receiving any disablement pension, have undoubtedly been prematurely aged as a result of hardships during the war. The object is to give a small pension between the ages of 50 and 60."

"It was originally the intention of myself and the trustees to allot a small amount of the capital collected by the fund to the British Legion in Scotland. But I am very glad to know that you would like to come into the regular scheme. Therefore the £7,000 which was to have been allotted has gone to the capital of the pension fund."

(Cheers.)

In spite of his public engagements at Inverness, the Prince found time to change into golfing kit and play a round of golf at Nairn.



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AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 29th July, 5 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KINGYUAN"	On 31st July, Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 31st July, 3 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 2nd Aug., 9 a.m.
SWATOW, WUHAN, CHENGKOW & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 4th Aug., 3 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 14th Aug., Noon

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TAIPING	8th Nov.	15th Nov.	28th Nov.	6th Dec.

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M.S. "Danmark"	28th Sept.	28th Sept.	28th Sept.
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## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	No. of Rainfall	JULY 20, 1931.				JULY 21, 1931.			
		Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Wind	Direction	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Wind	Direction
Windsorstock...	12	29.76	75.6	60	SE	29.86	75.5	56	SSW
Nomuro...	11	29.82	75.7	5	NE	29.91	75.9	5	ENE
Hakodate...	11	29.76	75.6	0	SE	29.80	75.7	0	ESE
Tokio...	11	29.72	75.5	0	SE	29.78	75.5	0	SE
Kobe...	11	29.70	75.4	0	SE	29.67	75.3	0	SE
Nagasaki...	11	29.72	75.5	0	SW	29.71	75.4	0	SW
Kagoshima...	11	29.78	75.6	0	W	29.75	75.5	0	W
Oshima...	11	29.82	75.7	0	SSW	29.80	75.7	0	S
Naha...	11	29.84	75.8	0	S	29.82	75.7	0	S
Lahigakijima...	11	29.84	75.8	0	SSW	29.82	75.7	0	SSW
Bonin Island...	11	29.88	75.8	0	NW	29.88	75.8	0	WNW
Chafoo...	15	29.70	75.4	78	SSW	29.76	75.5	88	SW
Shanghai...	14	29.61	75.2	94	SSW	29.67	75.7	77	W
Gutzlaff...	14	29.71	75.4	84	SW	29.72	75.4	80	NW
Wenchow...	14	29.72	75.4	88	SSW	29.74	75.4	79	SSW
Foochow...	14	29.77	75.6	86	S	29.73	75.7	88	SW
Amoy...	14	29.79	75.6	80	SSE	29.76	75.6	84	SW
Swatow...	14	29.82	75.7	91	W	29.81	75.7	85	SW
Taihou...	14	29.85	75.8	91	SW	29.88	75.8	85	SW
Tainan...	14	29.88	75.7	94	S	29.88	75.7	77	SE
Kohun...	14	29.88	75.7	88	S	29.82	75.7	78	SE
Pescadore...	14	29.84	75.7	88	W	29.82	75.7	79	SSW
Hong Kong...	14	29.77	75.6	85	S	29.79	75.6	79	SW
Gap Book...	14	29.79	75.6	94	SSE	29.80	75.6	88	S
Macao...	14	29.75	75.5	88	S	29.76	75.5	77	S
Hoihow...	14	29.77	75.6	91	S	29.83	75.6	81	S
Pratas Island...	14	29.68	75.2	88	S	29.72	75.4	77	E
Phulien...	14	29.64	75.2	88	SSE	29.72	75.4	81	S
Tourane...	14	29.75	75.5	88	S	29.82	75.4	77	SW
Cape St. James...	14	29.78	75.5	91	SSE	29.81	75.2	81	S
Basco...	14	29.78	75.5	94	NNE	29.83	75.3	79	S
Aparri...	14	29.74	75.5	94	SW	29.80	75.0	77	S
Taguegarao...	14	29.77	75.6	91	S	29.80	75.0	81	S
Vigan...	14	29.78	75.6	85	S	29.81	75.1	76	S
Manila...	14	29.78	75.6	94	NE	29.80	75.8	81	S
Legaspi...	14	29.70	75.8	88	SW	29.81	75.7	74	N
Calbayog...	14	29.75	75.5	86	S	29.78	75.6	77	E
Talibutan...	14	29.78	75.6	91	SW	29.78	75.6	79	S
Iloilo...	14	29.74	75.5	86	N	29.78	75.6	79	N
Cebu...	14	29.75	75.5	86	NW	29.79	75.6	78	S
Savigno...	14	29.75	75.5	86	NW	29.79	75.6	78	S
Saipan...	11.00	29.76	75.5	8	S	29.82	75.4	6	S
Guam...	11.00	29.76	75.5	8	E	29.82	75.4	6	S
Yap...	11.00	29.76	75.5	8	E	29.82	75.4	6	S
Pelew...	11.00	29.76	75.5	8	E	29.82	75.4	6	S
Labuan...	14	29.84	75.7	84	W	29.84	75.7	77	W

July 21d. 10h. 32m.—A trough of low pressure extends from the upper Yangtze Valley to the Sea of Japan, with a depression in its Eastern extremity.  
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 45.02 inches, against an average of 47.05 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JULY 22.

DISTRICT.

- 1.—Shanghai to Turnabout ... S.W. or variable winds, moderate to light; fair generally.
- 2.—Turnabout to Hong Kong ... S.W. or variable winds, moderate to light; fair generally.
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Book ... S. winds, moderate; fair.
- 4.—Hong Kong to Hainan Straits ... S. winds, moderate; fair.
- 5.—North China Sea ... S. winds, moderate; fair.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, July 21.

Previous On Date	On Date	On Date
Day at 4 p.m.	at 10 a.m.	at 4 p.m.
Barometer... 29.76	29.84	29.78
Temperature... 83	85	85
Humidity... 73	76	71
Wind... S	SSW	S
Direction... S	SSW	S
Force... 3	4	3
Weather... B'.	BC	BC
Rain... 0.02	0.01	0.01

Highest open-air Temperature, 20.85  
Lowest open-air Temperature, 21.79

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

## DONT FORGET

THAT WHEN  
You are at Home  
you can get the  
HONG KONG  
DAILY PRESS  
at SELFRIDGES.

## HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From July 22 to 28, 1931.

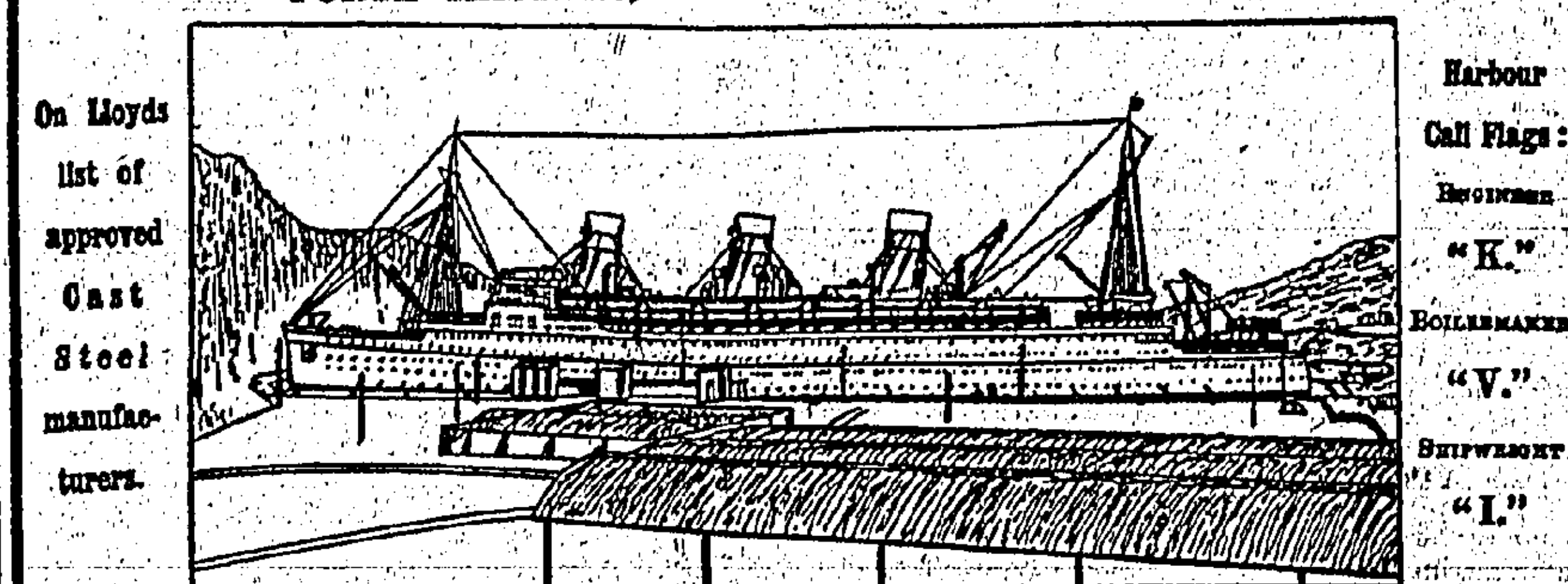
Day of Week	Date	HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
		Hong Kong Standard Time.	Height.	Hong Kong Standard Time.	Height.
Wed.	22	12.40	4.3	08.52	3.8
Thurs.	23	14.22	4.9	21.00	1.9
Fri.	24	03.12	5.1	10.02	2.5
Sat.	25	15.50	4.1	21.44	2.5
Sun.	26	04.14	5.3	11.28	2.0
Mon.	27	18.26	3.4	22.29	2.4
Tues.	28	05.12	5.8	13.00	1.3
		06.15	5.3	23.21	1.1
		21.28	6.8	14.05	0.4
		22.07	3.9	14.54	0.4
		08.00	7.2	01.07	3.5
		23.40	4.0	15.55	0.3

## THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.,

Head Office and Works:

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In No. 1 Dock.—Dims: 666'-0" O.A. x 88'-6" x 49'-6" Mid.—26,000 tons gross.

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The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700' x 88' x 30'-6" over all, R.W.O.B.

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and Flag Call Signal: T.H.Q.B. Shearlegs capable of lifting 50 tons.

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Kindly send enquiries to the Chief Manager.

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAO to SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHANGSANG" "KWONGSANG" "HOPSANG" "FOOSHING" "YATSHING"	Wed., 22nd July, at 10 a.m. Sun., 26th July, at 10 a.m. Wed., 29th July, at 10 a.m. Sun., 2nd Aug., at 10 a.m. Wed., 5th Aug., at 10 a.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"SUHSANG" "HOSANG"	Thurs., 23rd July, at 8 p.m. Sat., 25th Aug., at 3 p.m. Tues., 18th Aug., at 5 p.m.
OSAKA via AMOI & KOBE	"HOSANG"	Tues., 28th July, at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, SHAI & KOBE	"YUENSANG" "KUMSANG"	Wed., 5th Aug., at 7 a.m. Wed., 19th Aug., at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "YUSANG"	Tues., 28th July, at Noon Tues., 4th Aug., at Noon
TIENTSIN via SWATOW, FOOCHOW & CHEFOO	"CHONGSHING" "CHIFSHING"	Tues., 23rd July, at 7 a.m. Sun., 2nd Aug., at 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"WAISHING"	Fri., 24th July, at 10 a.m.

SUMMER TRIPS TO JAPAN.—Excellent First Class Accommodation on Through Steamers from OLYMPIA to Japan at the Specially Reduced Return Fare of \$25.00 to \$30.00. These Return Tickets are available for Three Months.

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1st JUNE/30th NOVEMBER ... 265. 12. 0d.  
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To LONDON, ROTTERDAM &amp; HAMBURG via STRAITS &amp; COLOMBO

Motor Vessel "GLENAPP" (Via Oran) ... 28th July  
Motor Vessel "GLENABRY" ... 31st August  
Motor Vessel "GLENAMORY" ... 4th September

To SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA &amp; VLADIVOSTOK

Motor Vessel "GLENAMORY" ... 3rd August  
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE" ... 14th August  
Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE" ... 23rd August  
Steamship "PEMBROKESHIRE" ... 14th September

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, apply to:

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THROUGH BOOKINGS TO AMERICA VIA EUROPE

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NEXT SAILINGS TO EUROPE:—

Pass.	S.S. "RAABERBUROKEN"	departure 25th July
Freight	S.S. "Isar"	departure 26th July
Freight	S.S. "Frankfurt"	departure 14th Aug.
Pass.	S.S. "COBLENZ"	departure 22nd Aug.
Freight	M.S. "Babel"	departure 28th Sept.

\*Calling at Lisbon. \*Calling at London. \*Calling at Tripoli &amp; Genoa.

Passenger steamers sailing via Manila and Ports to Genoa, Barcelona, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.

Freight steamers sailing via Singapore and Ports to Marseilles, Oran, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.

NEXT ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:—

SAILINGS







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## NEWS OF THE FAR EAST

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# "HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS,"

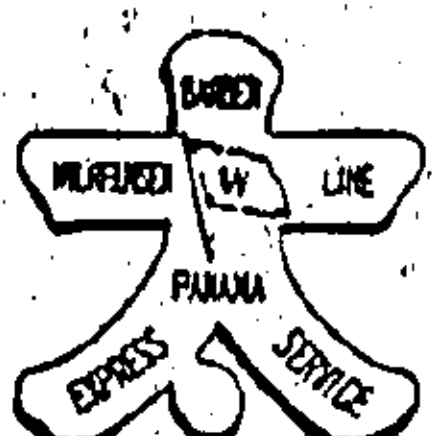
## "THE CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT."

30 Cents per Copy.

Subscription, paid in advance—  
per annum for delivery in Hong  
Kong \$12; including Postage to  
any part of the world—\$18.

## EXCHANGE. CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

July 21, 1931.	
On LONDON:—	
Telegraphic Transfer... 11 1/2	
Bank Bills, on demand 11 1/2	
Bank Bills, 4 months' sight 11 1/2	
Credits, 4 months' sight 11 1/2	
Documents, 4 months' sight 11 1/2	
On PARIS:—	
Bank Bills, on demand 6 1/2	
Credits, 4 months' sight 6 1/2	
On NEW YORK:—	
Bank Bills, on demand 24	
Credits, 60 days' sight 24	
On HONGKONG:—	
Telegraphic Transfer... 80 1/2	
Bank, on demand... 80 1/2	
On CALCUTTA:—	
Telegraphic Transfer... 80 1/2	
Bank, on demand... 80 1/2	
On SHANGHAI:—	
Bank, at sight... 7 1/2	
Bank, at sight... 7 1/2	
On YOKOHAMA:—	
On demand... 48 1/2	
On MANILA:—	
On demand... 48 1/2	
On SINGAPORE:—	
On demand... 48 1/2	
On BATAVIA:—	
On demand... 59 1/2	
On HAI PHONG:—	
On demand... 69	
On SAIGON:—	
On demand... 69	
On HANGKOW:—	
On demand... 181	
SOVEREIGNS, Bank's Buying Rate... 10 1/2	
BANK SILVER, per oz... 12 1/2	



# BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE.

THE PREMIERE ALL WATER ROUTE TO NEW YORK  
and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via Panama.

All vessels call at SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES  
en route.

Passengers desiring to travel by this interesting route  
will find the accommodation provided well up to their  
expectations, and at a cost most reasonable.

43 Days To New York

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REGULAR AND FAST  
FREIGHT AND  
PASSENGER SERVICES

## LONDON SERVICE.

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London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.  
"ANTENOR" 5th Aug., For Port Said, Marseille, London,  
Rotterdam, Hamburg, & Glasgow.

## LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"ANTILLOCHUS" 22nd July, For Port Said, Genoa, Havre,  
Liverpool & Glasgow.  
"LAOMEDON" 21st Aug., For Port Said, Liverpool,  
Havre & Glasgow.

## PACIFIC SERVICE (via KORE & YOKOHAMA).

"TYNDAROS" 25th July, For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.  
"PROTESILAUS" 22nd Aug., For Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

## INWARD SERVICE.

"HECTOR" 23rd July, For S'hai, Taingtau, Weihaiwei,  
Taku, Chinwangtao & Dairen.  
"AGAPENOR" 2nd Aug., For S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama.

All cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation  
at specially reduced fares.  
For freight, passage rates and information apply to the  
undermentioned.  
All bookings are subject to the provisions of the Company's  
Bills of Lading.

## Butterfield & Swire,

Agents. [6]

## HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital... \$50,000,000  
Issued & Fully Paid-up... \$20,000,000  
Reserve Funds... \$10,000,000  
Storling... \$3,000,000  
Silver... \$10,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Pro-  
prietors... \$20,000,000

Head Office: Hong Kong.

## Board of Directors:

Hon. Mr. C. G. S. MACKIE, Chairman.  
Hon. Mr. J. J. PATTERSON, Deputy Chairman.  
Hon. Mr. W. H. BELL.  
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J. P. WARREN, Esq.  
Chief Manager: V. M. GRAYBURN, Esq.

## BRANCHES:—

Amoy, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Manila, Cebu, Singapore, Batavia, Surabaya, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Manila, Cebu, Singapore, Batavia, Surabaya.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in  
LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DE-  
POSITS received for one year or  
shorter periods in LOCAL CURRENCY  
and STERLING on terms which will  
be quoted on application.  
Hong Kong, 18th May, 1931. [28]

## HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank  
is conducted by the HONG  
KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING  
CORPORATION. Rules may be ob-  
tained on application.  
For the Hong Kong & Shanghai  
Banking Corporation,  
V. M. GRAYBURN,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 18th July, 1930. [2]

## EQUITABLE EASTERN BANK- ING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS—  
U.S. \$4,700,000.

HEAD OFFICE:—  
18, FINE STREET,  
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An American Bank offering complete  
Foreign Banking Service in the  
principal Markets of the world.  
Interest Rates on Application.

This Bank is entirely owned by THE  
CHASE NATIONAL BANK, NEW  
YORK, with Resources over U.S.  
\$2,000,000,000.

D. M. BIGGAR,  
Manager.

## NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL- MAATSCHAPPIJ, N.V.

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

## BANKERS

Established 1824.

HONG KONG OFFICE: 11, QUEEN'S ROAD  
CENTRAL.

Authorized Capital  
Gldrs. 150,000,000  
(\$12,500,000).  
Paid-Up Capital... Gldrs. 80,000,000  
(\$8,000,000).  
Reserve Fund... Gldrs. 40,016,000  
(\$3,334,893).

Head Office: Amsterdam.  
Branches:—Batavia, Bandoeng, Bencoolen,  
Calcutta, Canton, Djember, Hongkong,  
Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking,  
Rangoon, Rotterdam, Shanghai, Singapore,  
Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.  
\*This office has a Safe Deposit Room 24 Hrs.

London Bankers:—  
National Provincial Bank, Ltd.  
Correspondents all over the world.  
Banking Business of every descrip-  
tion transacted.

A. STOKKINK,  
Manager.  
Hong Kong, 12th May, 1931. [30]

## THE BANK OF CANTON, LTD.

Head Office: Hong Kong.

Hong Kong Currency.  
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL... \$11,000,000  
PAID-UP CAPITAL... 8,888,000  
RESERVE FUND... 1,100,000

Branches:—  
CANTON, SHANGHAI, HANKOW,  
SWATOW, BANGKOK, NEW  
YORK and SAN FRANCISCO.  
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THE LLOYDS BANK, LTD.

Correspondents  
all Principal Cities of the World.  
Foreign Exchange and Banking  
Business of every description  
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Safe Deposit Boxes (various sizes)  
at a yearly rental of from \$5 to  
\$40.

LOCK POONG SHAN,  
Manager.

## CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,  
1855.

Head Office: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital... \$25,000,000  
Reserve Fund... \$24,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Pro-  
prietors... \$23,000,000

Agencies and Branches:—  
ALOR STAR, HONG KONG, SEMARANG,  
AMSTERDAM, BANGKOK, SHANGHAI,  
BATAVIA, BENCOLLEN, SINGAPORE,  
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, HANKOW,  
HONGKONG, KUALA LUMPUR, MANILA,  
PENANG, Peking, Rangoon, Singapore,  
Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Foreign Exchange and General  
Banking Business transacted.  
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and  
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one  
year or shorter periods at rates  
which will be quoted on applica-  
tion.  
J. STUART,  
Acting Manager.  
Hong Kong, 28th May, 1931. [26]

## BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE

(Incorporated in France).  
Princes Building, Chater Road,  
Victoria, Hong Kong.

HEAD OFFICE:—  
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Capital, fully paid-up... 50,000,000  
Special Working Capital... 50,000,000  
Reserves... 22,319,000

BRANCHES:—  
Paris, Lyons, Marseilles,  
Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi,  
Tientsin, Peking, Hankow,  
Canton, Shanghai, Yokohama.

BANKERS:  
France: Société Générale, Banque  
Nationale de Crédit, Banque de  
Paris et des Pays-Bas.  
London: Midland Bank, Ltd.  
New York: American Exchange  
and Trust Co., Banco Com-  
merciale Italiano.  
San Francisco: Bank of Italy.

Every description of Banking and  
Exchange Business transacted.  
Correspondents throughout the  
World.

A. BOLLIN,  
Manager.  
Hong Kong, 1st July, 1929.

## BANK OF CHINA.

Reorganized October 26, 1923, under  
special charter of The National  
Government as an  
INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE  
BANK.

Subscribed Capital... \$25,000,000.00  
Paid-up Capital... \$24,710,300.00  
Reserve Funds... \$3,820,503.82

HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.  
HONG KONG BRANCH:  
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Owing to our numerous branches  
in China and large connections in  
the important commercial centres of  
the world, we are able to extend to  
our clients special facilities for  
domestic and foreign banking and  
exchange.  
We also handle the issue of Bonds  
and other Public Funds of the  
Chinese Government both at home  
and abroad.  
SHOU J. OHEN,  
Manager.

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(Established 1917.)

HEAD OFFICE:—SINGAPORE.  
HONG KONG OFFICE:—13, QUEEN'S RD. C.

Authorized Capital... Straits \$20,000,000  
Issued... \$5,000,000  
Paid-up... \$4,000,000  
Reserve—Liabilities of... \$4,000,000  
Shareholders... \$2,000,000  
Surplus... \$2,000,000

Branches, Agencies and Corres-  
pondents in the principal cities of  
the world.  
Every description of Banking and  
Exchange business transacted.  
TAN ENG HOOL,  
Manager.

## THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1918.

HEAD OFFICE:  
10 Des Voeux Road, Central,  
HONG KONG.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS... OVER H. \$8,000,000.00  
TOTAL RESOURCES... OVER H. \$30,000,000.00

Every description of Banking Accounts and Exchange business  
transacted.  
Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts in Local and Foreign  
Currencies opened for Clients.  
Savings Accounts and Safe Deposit Boxes.  
Branches and Agencies all over the world.

KAN TONG PO,  
Chief Manager.

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Head Office:  
65, Broadway, New York.

Capital... U.S. \$8,000,000  
Surplus... U.S. \$1,572,545  
Reserves... U.S. \$1,908,200

BRANCHES:—  
Albany, Amsterdam, Antwerp, Athens, Baltimore, Berlin, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Chicago, Colon, Hankow, Harbin, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Branches of AMERICAN EXPRESS  
COMPANY in Principal Cities of  
United States of America and  
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All classes of Commercial Bank-  
ing Transactions undertaken.  
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handled.

The Company offers to intending  
travelers the use of its "Travelers  
Cheques" and Letters of Credit  
and, in addition, the world wide  
services of its thoroughly equipped  
Travel Department.

Affiliated with  
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK  
Resources... Over U.S. \$3,500,000,000

C. H. BENSON,  
General Manager.

## THE MERCHANTS BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—  
15, Gracechurch Street, London,  
E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital... \$3,000,000  
Subscribed Capital... \$1,800,000  
Paid-up Capital... \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund and Rest... \$1,000,000

BANKERS:  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND  
and  
MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:  
Batavia, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:  
Every description of Banking and  
Exchange Business transacted.  
Travelers Cheques issued.  
Trustee and Executorship under-  
taken.

INTEREST allowed on Current Ac-  
counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates  
that may be ascertained on applica-  
tion.  
C. L. SANDES,  
Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central,  
Hong Kong, 29th April, 1931. [29]

## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

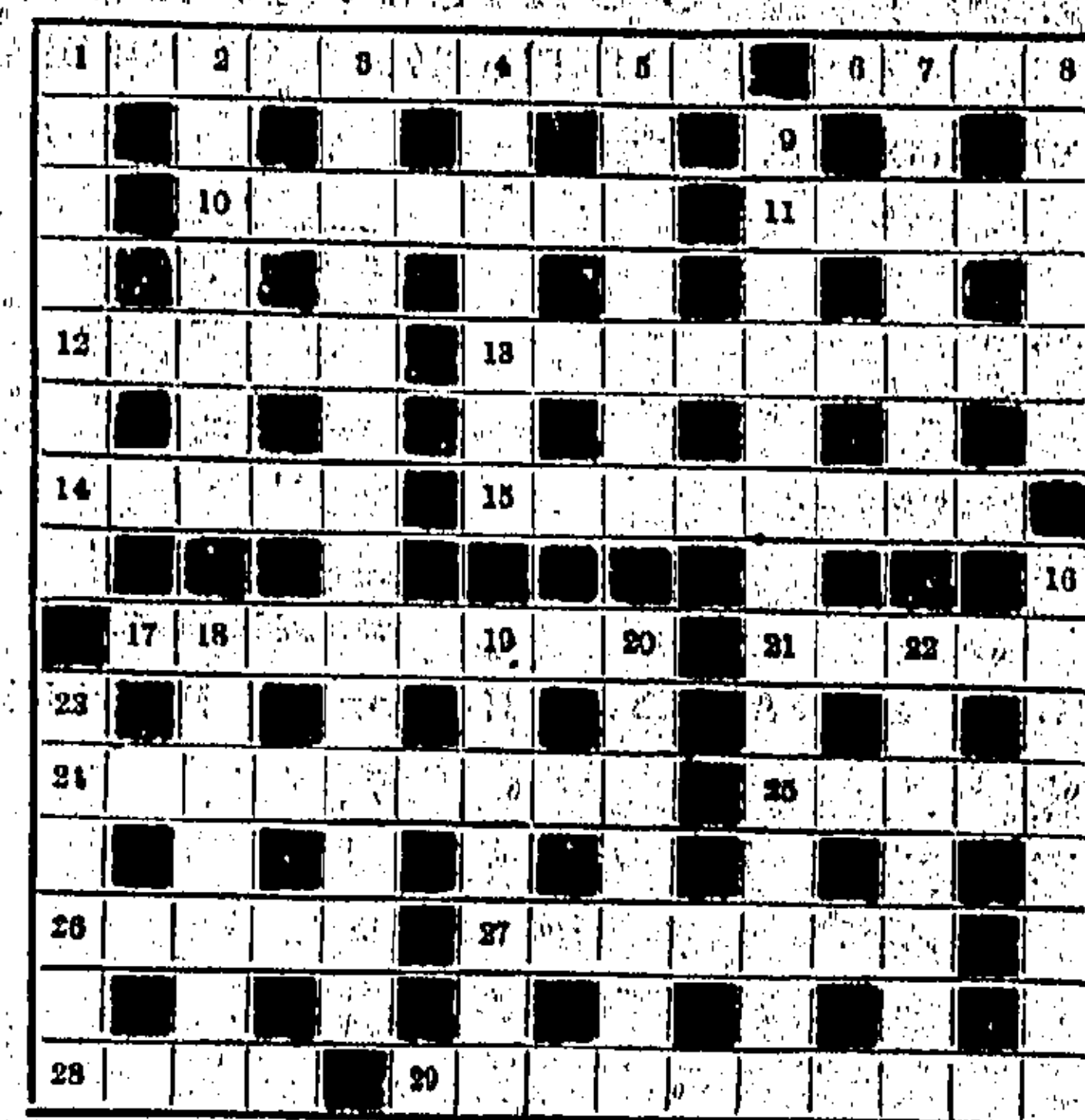
Capital (fully paid up)  
Yen 100,000,000  
Reserve Fund... Yen 115,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:  
Alexandria, Hankow, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-  
counts.  
Deposits received for Fixed  
Periods at rates to be obtained on  
application.  
H. MORI, Manager.  
Hong Kong, July 10, 1931. [23]

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



## CLUES.

- Across.
- 1.—A drop in the ocean or else where may be nicely graduat-ed them.
  - 6.—It sounds even uglier than blackleg.
  - 10.—Disentangle.
  - 11.—Northern paragonage.
  - 12.—Our Norman kings used this seal.
  - 13.—Involve.
  - 14.—My rule is rough and ready.
  - 15.—Vessels for the ocean or the kitchen.
  - 17.—A vincular place of business.
  - 21.—Dante's friend.
  - 24.—A metal.
  - 25.—When the deck is this, hatches must be battened down (rev.).
  - 28.—In this with half a quorum is unchanged.
  - 27.—Disfigured about the throat.
  - 29.—Repeat.
  - 29.—You begin again here.
- Down.
- 7.—A mythological one-piece Derby winner.
  - 8.—His trade may displease the U.K.A. but his dictionary is most useful.
  - 9.—Here's a queer mixture (two words).
  - 10.—By this you go by—thus—across the water.
  - 18.—The new Harry assured his subject, that it was a case of this after this.
  - 19.—What 12 across, 21 across, and 26 across are not (rev.).
  - 20.—A S.W. district of London.
  - 22.—Here you see Amiens and one of the Henleys (two words).
  - 23.—A fire-worshipper.

## YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

GALLOP DIRECT  
BEEZEE KID A L A H  
A M A I N N G G A L A H  
S A L S I A M E S S L O W  
I D E A S N A S H M A R K  
C O A L I N G S T A T I O N S  
C O L O T K E N S E  
C O N D E R B Y D E V I L  
B U B B L E A N D S Q U E A K  
O B E Y F O U R M A T E  
A I R G U A R D E N S S E A  
S T E R N E N D M O I S T  
T F F A S S N U M E R  
S T I T C H A U G U R Y

## WHEN YOU REACH HOME



You will be wondering  
how things are going  
out here, what all your  
friends are doing, who  
won the tennis league.

## THE HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS

will give you all the news  
and keep you in touch  
with things out East.

Don't forget before you sail to  
order it to be sent to you.

Six Months... \$9.00.

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E.C. 4.